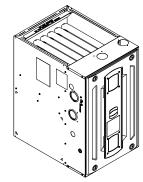
Service Facts

Upflow/Horizontal and Dedicated Downflow Gas-Fired, Direct/Non-Direct Vent, 2-Stage Condensing, Variable Speed Furnaces with Variable Speed Draft Inducer

Upflow, Convertible to Horizontal Right or Horizontal Left S9V2B040U3VSAC/D S9V2B060U3VSAC/D S9V2B080U4VSAC/D S9V2C100U4VSAC/D S9V2D120U5VSAC/D Downflow Only S9V2B080D4VSAC/D S9V2C100D4VSAC/D



Note: Graphics in this document are for representation only. Actual model may differ in appearance.

A CAUTION

COIL REQUIREMENT!

COIL REQUIREMENT:
Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury. 4GXC* and
4MXC* coils installed on upflow furnaces in vertical, horizontal left, or horizontal right
orientations without a factor; installed metal drain pan shield must use a MXY*FERCOLKITAA
kit. Coils installed on upflow furnaces must have drain pans that are suitable for 400° F
(205°C) or have a metal drain pan shield. Downflow furnaces do not require a metal drain pan
shield or the use of the MAY*FERCOLKITAA kit. See Installer's Guide for more information.



S9V2-VS-SF-2B-EN

A SAFETY WARNING

Only qualified personnel should install and service the equipment. The installation, starting up, and servicing of heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous and requires specific knowledge and training. Improperly installed, adjusted or altered equipment by an unqualified person could result in death or serious injury. When working on the equipment, observe all precautions in the literature and on the tags, stickers, and labels that are attached to the equipment.

SAFETY SECTION — FURNACES

Important: — This document pack contains a wiring diagram and service information. This is customer property and is to remain with this unit. Please return to service information pack upon completion of work.

A WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in a fire or explosion causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
 WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.

A WARNING

EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, personal injury or death. Install a gas detecting warning device in case of a gas leak. NOTE: The manufacturer of your furnace does not test any detectors and makes no representations regarding any brand or type of detector.

A WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow the safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death, or property damage.

Never test for gas leaks with an open flame. Use a commercially available soap solution made specifically for the detection of leaks to check all connections. A fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.

A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE, OR EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in dangerous operation, property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Improper servicing could result in dangerous operation, property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

- Before servicing, disconnect all electrical power to furnace.
- When servicing controls, label all wires prior to disconnection. Reconnect wires correctly.
- · Verify proper operation after servicing.

A WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

To ensure furnace is vented properly, do not replace factory supplied venting components with field fabricated parts. Fabricating parts can result in damaged vents and components allowing carbon monoxide to escape the venting system.

A WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Do not attempt to change the venting system. Follow the installation and operation instructions for the venting system.

A WARNING

FIRE HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Do not install the furnace directly on carpeting, tile or other combustible material other than wood flooring. For vertical downflow applications, subbase (BAYBASE205) must be used between the furnace and combustible flooring. When the downflow furnace is installed vertically with a cased coil, a subbase is not required.

©2022 S9V2-VS-SF-2B-EN

A WARNING

WARNING!

This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca. gov.

A WARNING

EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Propane gas is heavier than air and may collect in any low areas or confined spaces. In addition, odorant fade may make the gas undetectable except with a warning device. If the gas furnace is installed in a basement, an excavated areas or a confined space, it is strongly recommended to contact a gas supplier to install a gas detecting warning device in case of leak. The manufacturer of your furnace does not test any detectors and makes no representations regarding any brand or type of detector.

A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Do not bypass the door switch or panel loop by any permanent means.

A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Do not touch any components other than the Menu and Option buttons on the IFC when setting up the system or during fault code recovery.

A WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Do NOT attempt to manually light the furnace.

▲ WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Follow the service and/or periodic maintenance instructions for the Furnace and venting system.

A WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in serious personal injury or death.

Make sure that the blower door is in place and not ajar. Dangerous fumes could escape an improperly secured door.

A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Disconnect power to the unit before removing the blower door. Allow a minimum of 10 seconds for IFC power supply to discharge to 0 volts.

A WARNING

SAFETY HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

These furnaces are not approved or intended for installation in trailers or recreational vehicles. Installation in manufactured (mobile) housing is only approved with BAYMFGH Kit.

A WARNING

EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

In the event that electrical, fuel, or mechanical failures occur, shut gas supply off at the manual gas valve located on the supply gas piping coming into the furnace before turning off the electrical power to the furnace. Contact the service agency designated by your dealer.

A WARNING

EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, serious personal injury, or death.

Do not store combustible materials, gasoline, or other flammable vapors or liquids near the unit.

A WARNING

SAFETY HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death

Do not use semi-rigid metallic gas connectors (flexible gas lines) within the furnace cabinet.

A WARNING

INSTALLATION WARNING — HIGH VOLTAGE MOVING PARTS!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Bodily injury can result from high voltage electrical components, fast moving fans, and combustible gas. For protection from these inherent hazards during installation and servicing, the main gas valve must be turned off and the electrical supply must be disconnected. If operating checks must be performed with the unit operating, it is the technician's responsibility to recognize these hazards and proceed safely.

A WARNING

SAFETY HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Do not install the filter in the return duct directly above the furnace in horizontal applications. Install the filter remotely.

A WARNING

SAFETY HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death

Turn the power to the furnace off before servicing filters to avoid contact with moving parts.

▲ WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Furnace venting into an unlined masonry chimney or concrete chimney is prohibited.

A WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

The chimney liner must be thoroughly inspected to insure no cracks or other potential areas for flue gas leaks are present in the liner. Liner leaks will result in early deterioration of the chimney.

A WARNING

SHOCK HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

If a disconnect switch is present, it must always be locked in the open position before servicing the unit.

A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in an electrical shock, fire, injury or death.

Ensure cabinet has an uninterrupted or unbroken ground in accordance with National Electrical Code, ANSI/ NFPA 70 – 'latest edition' and Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1 or local codes to minimize personal injury if an electrical fault should occur.

A WARNING

OVERHEATING AND EXPLOSION HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Warning could result in property damage, personal injury or death.
Should overheating occur, or the gas supply fail to shut off, shut off the gas valve to the unit before shutting off the electrical supply.

A CAUTION

IMPROPER VOLTAGE CONNECTION!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage.

Do NOT connect the furnace line voltage to a GFCI protected circuit.

A CAUTION

CORROSION WARNING!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

Do not install the furnace in a corrosive or

Do not install the furnace in a corrosive or contaminated atmosphere.

A CAUTION

SAFETY HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

The vent for this appliance shall not terminate; (1) Over public walkways; or (2) Near soffit vents or crawl space vents or other areas where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or cause property damage; or (3) Where condensate vapor could cause damage or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators, relief valves, or other equipment.

A CAUTION

SHARP EDGE HAZARD!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

Be careful of sharp edges on equipment or any cuts made on sheet metal while installing or servicing.

A CAUTION

BACKUP WRENCH REQUIRED!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

Use a backup wrench on the gas valve when installing gas piping to prevent damage to the gas valve and manifold assembly.

A CAUTION

FREEZE CAUTION!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

If complete furnace shutdown is done during the cold weather months, provisions must be taken to prevent freeze-up of all water pipes and water receptacles.

A CAUTION

FREEZE CAUTION!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

When the vent pipe is exposed to temperatures below freezing, i.e., when it passes through unheated spaces, etc., the pipe must be insulated with 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) thick Armaflex-type insulation or equal. If the space is heated sufficiently to prevent freezing, then the insulation would not be required. If domestic water pipes are not protected from freezing then the space meets the condition of a heated space.

A CAUTION

FREEZE CAUTION!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

Whenever your house is to be vacant, arrange to have someone inspect your house for proper temperature. This is very important during freezing weather. If for any reason your furnace should fail to operate damage could result, such as frozen water pipes.

A CAUTION

FREEZE CAUTION!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

Caution should be taken to prevent drains from freezing or causing slippery conditions. Excessive draining of condensate may cause saturated ground conditions that may result in damage to plants.

A CAUTION

IGNITION FUNCTION!

Failure to follow this Caution may result in poor ignition characteristics.

Maintain manifold pressure in high altitude installations.

A CAUTION

WATER DAMAGE!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

It is recommended that an external overflow drain pan be installed in all applications over a finished ceiling to prevent property damage or personal injury from leaking condensate.

A CAUTION

HOT SURFACE!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in personal injury.

Do NOT touch igniter. It is extremely hot.

A CAUTION

FURNACE SERVICE CAUTION!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Verify proper operation after servicing. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

A CAUTION

DO NOT USE AS CONSTRUCTION HEATER!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury. In order to prevent shortening its service life, the Furnace should NOT be used as a "Construction Heater" during the finishing phases of construction until the requirements listed in the furnace installation guidelines of the Installer's Guide have been met. Condensate in the presence of chlorides and fluorides from paint, varnish, stains, adhesives, cleaning compounds, and cement create a corrosive condition which may cause rapid deterioration of the heat exchanger.

CAUTION

WIRING INFORMATION!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

The integrated furnace control is polarity sensitive. The hot leg of the 120 VAC power must be connected to the BLACK field lead.

A WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD!

Failure to follow the steps outlined below for each appliance connected to the venting system being placed into operation could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

The following steps shall be followed for each appliance connected to the venting system being placed into operation, while all other appliances connected to the venting system are not in operation:

- Inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch as required in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or the CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code and these instructions. Determine there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion or other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- Close all doors and windows between the space in which the appliance(s) connected to the venting system are located. Also close fireplace dampers.
- Turn on clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to the venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans such as range hoods so they are operating at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan.
- Follow the lighting instructions. Place the appliance being inspected into operation. Adjust the thermostat so appliance is operating continuously.
- Test for spillage from draft hood equipped appliances at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle.
- If improper venting is observed during any of the above tests, the venting system must be corrected in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z221.1/NFPA 54 and/or CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.
- After it has been determined that each appliance connected to the venting system properly vents when tested, return all doors, windows, exhaust fans, etc. to their previous condition of use.

A CAUTION

VENTING REQUIREMENT!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

For condensing furnaces, Do NOT run vent through chimney for wood burning or oil Furnaces or incinerators. If remaining free area between single wall flue pipe and masonry chimney is to be used for another gas appliance, venting area must be sufficient to vent that appliance and that appliance must be connected to chimney with separate entry openings.

IMPORTANT – The single wall flue pipe joints must be sealed. The 90° elbow connection to vertical pipe must be sealed to prevent condensate leakage to base of masonry chimney.

A CAUTION

VENTING REQUIREMENT!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

Condensing furnaces may be vented through UNUSED chimneys. Do NOT run vent through chimney for wood burning or oil Furnaces or incinerators or any other gas appliance.

IMPORTANT – The single wall flue pipe joints must be sealed. The 90° elbow connection to vertical pipe must be sealed to prevent condensate leakage to base of masonry chimney.

A CAUTION

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE!

UV light exposure can cause the plastic blower material to deteriorate which could lead to Blower Housing Damage.

For units containing a plastic Blower Housing, Do NOT install third party Ultra-Violet Air Cleaners where the Blower Housing can be exposed to UV light.

For more information, visit www.trane.com and www. americanstandardair.com or contact your installing dealer. 6200 Troup Highway Tyler, TX 75707

Coil Caution

A CAUTION

COIL REQUIREMENT!!

Failure to follow this Caution could result in property damage or personal injury.

4GXC* and 4MXC* coils installed on upflow furnaces in vertical, horizontal left, or horizontal right orientations without a factory installed metal drain pan shield must use a MAY*FERCOLKITAA kit. Coils installed on upflow furnaces must have drain pans that are suitable for 400° F (205° C) or have a metal drain pan shield. Downflow furnaces do not require a metal drain pan shield or the use of the MAY*FERCOLKITAA kit. See Installer's Guide for more information.

Product Specification

Model	S9V2B040U3VSAC/D (a),(b)	S9V2B060U3VSAC/D	S9V2B080U4VSAC/D	
Туре	Upflow / Horizontal	Upflow / Horizontal	Upflow / Horizontal	
RATINGS (c)				
1st Stage Input BTUH	26,000	39,000	52,000	
1st Stage Capacity BTUH (ICS)	25,700	38,450	51,050	
2nd Stage Input BTUH	40,000	60,000	80,000	
2nd Stage Capacity BTUH (ICS) (d)	39,350	57,700	76,700	
1st Stage Temp. Rise (Min Max.) °F	25 - 55	25 - 55	30 - 60	
2nd Stage Temp. Rise (Min Max.) °F	30 - 60	35 - 65	35 - 65	
AFUE (%) (d)	97.0	97.0	97.0	
Return Air Temp. (Min Max.) °F	45°F - 80°F	45°F - 80°F	45°F - 80°F	
BLOWER DRIVE	DIRECT	DIRECT	DIRECT	
Diameter - Width (in.)	11 X 8	11 X 8	11 X 8	
No. Used	1	1	1	
Speeds (No.)	Variable	Variable	Variable	
CFM vs. in. w.g.	See Fan Performance Table	See Fan Performance Table	See Fan Performance Table	
Motor HP	1/2	1/2	3/4	
R.P.M.	Variable	Variable	Variable	
Volts / Ph / Hz	120 / 1 / 60	120 / 1 / 60	120 / 1 / 60	
FLA	5.7 / 6.4	5.7 / 6.4	8 / 9.6	
COMBUSTION FAN - Type	Variable Speed	Variable Speed	Variable Speed	
Drive - No. Speeds	Direct - Variable	Direct - Variable	Direct - Variable	
Motor RPM	1/50 - 5000	1/50 - 5000	1/50 - 5000	
Volts/Ph/Hz	33 - 110 / 3 / 60 - 180	33 - 110 / 3 / 60 - 180	33 - 110 / 3 / 60 - 180	
FLA	0.77	0.77	0.77	
Inducer Orifice	0.61	0.79	0.96	
FILTER - Furnished?	No	No	No	
Type Recommended	High Velocity	High Velocity	High Velocity	
Hi Vel. (NoSize-Thk.)	1 - 16 X 25 - 1 in.	1 - 16 X 25 - 1 in.	1 - 16 X 25 - 1 in.	
VENT OUTLET DIAMETER - MIN. (in.) (e)	2 Round	2 Round	2 Round	
INLET AIR DIAMETER -MIN. (in.) (e)	2 Round	2 Round	2 Round	
HEAT EXCHANGER – Type				
Fired	409 Stainless Steel	409 Stainless Steel	409 Stainless Steel	
Unfired	29-4C Stainless Steel	29-4C Stainless Steel	29-4C Stainless Steel	
Gauge (Fired)	20	20	20	
ORIFICES - Main				
Nat. Gas (Qty Drill Size)	2 - 45	3 - 45	4 - 45	

Model	S9V2B040U3VSAC/D	S9V2B060U3VSAC/D (a), (b)	S9V2B080U4VSAC/D	
Propane Gas (Qty Drill Size)	2 - 56	3 - 56	4 - 56	
GAS VALVE	Redundant - Two Stage	Redundant - Two Stage	Redundant - Two Stage	
PILOT SAFETY DEVICE - TYPE	120 V SiNi Igniter	120 V SiNi Igniter	120 V SiNi Igniter	
BURNERS - TYPE - QTY	Inshot - 2	Inshot - 3	Inshot - 4	
POWER CONN V/Ph/HZ (f)	120 / 1 / 60	120/1/60	120 / 1 / 60	
Ampacity (Amps)	8.1 / 8.9	8.1 / 8.9	10.9 / 12.9	
Max. Overcurrent Protection (Amps)	15	15	15	
PIPE CONN. SIZE (IN.)	1/2	1/2	1/2	

⁽a) Meets Energy Star

⁽f) The above wiring specifications are in accordance with National Electrical Code; however, installations must comply with local codes.

Model	S9V2C100U4VSAC/D (a),(b)	S9V2D120U5VSAC/D (a), (b)
Туре	Upflow / Horizontal	Upflow / Horizontal
RATINGS (c)		
1st Stage Input BTUH	65,000	78,000
1st Stage Capacity BTUH (ICS)	64,200	77,050
2nd Stage Input BTUH	100,000	120,000
2nd Stage Capacity BTUH (ICS) (d)	97,150	116,250
1st Stage Temp. Rise (Min Max.) °F	25 - 55	35 - 65
2nd Stage Temp. Rise (Min Max.) °F	35 - 65	40 - 70
AFUE (%) (d)	97.0	97.0
Return Air Temp. (Min Max.) °F	45°F - 80°F	45°F - 80°F
BLOWER DRIVE	DIRECT	DIRECT
Diameter - Width (in.)	11 X 10	11 X 10
No. Used	1	1
Speeds (No.)	Variable	Variable
CFM vs. in. w.g.	See Fan Performance Table	See Fan Performance Table
Motor HP	3/4	1
R.P.M.	Variable	Variable
Volts / Ph / Hz	120 / 1 / 60	120 / 1 / 60
FLA	8/9.6	10.5 / 10
COMBUSTION FAN - Type	Variable Speed	Variable Speed
Drive - No. Speeds	Direct - Variable	Direct - Variable
Motor RPM	1/50 - 5000	1/50 - 5000
Volts/Ph/Hz	33 - 110 / 3 / 60 - 180	33 - 110 / 3 / 60 - 180
FLA	0.77	0.77

 ⁽c) Central Furnace heating designs are certified to ANSI Z21.47 / CSA 2.3 - latest edition.
 (c) For U.S. Applications, above input ratings (BTUH) are up to 2,000 feet, derate 4% per 1,000 feet for elevations above 2,000 feet above sea level. For Canadian applications, above input ratings (BTUH) are up to 4,500 feet, derate 4% per 1,000 feet for elevations above 4,500 feet above sea level.

⁽d) Based on U.S. government standard tests.

⁽e) Refer to Vent Length Table in the Installer's Guide.

Model	S9V2C100U4VSAC/D (a),(b)	S9V2D120U5VSAC/D (a), (b)
Inducer Orifice	1.05	1.19
FILTER - Furnished?	No	No
Type Recommended	High Velocity	High Velocity
Hi Vel. (NoSize-Thk.)	1 - 20 X 25 - 1 in.	1 - 24 X 25 - 1 in.
VENT OUTLET DIAMETER - MIN. (in.) (e)	2 Round	3 Round
INLET AIR DIAMETER -MIN. (in.) (e)	2 Round	3 Round
HEAT EXCHANGER – Type		
Fired	409 Stainless Steel	409 Stainless Steel
Unfired	29-4C Stainless Steel	29-4C Stainless Steel
Gauge (Fired)	20	20
ORIFICES - Main		
Nat. Gas (Qty Drill Size)	5 - 45	6 - 45
Propane Gas (Qty Drill Size)	5 - 56	6 - 56
GAS VALVE	Redundant - Two Stage	Redundant - Two Stage
PILOT SAFETY DEVICE - TYPE	120 V SiNi Igniter	120 V SiNi Igniter
BURNERS - TYPE - QTY	Inshot - 5	Inshot - 6
POWER CONN V/Ph/HZ (f)	120 / 1 / 60	120 / 1 / 60
Ampacity (Amps)	10.9 / 12.9	14.1 / 13.4
Max. Overcurrent Protection (Amps)	15	15
PIPE CONN. SIZE (IN.)	1/2	1/2

⁽a) Meets Energy Star

⁽d) Based on U.S. government standard tests.
(e) Refer to Vent Length Table in the Installer's Guide.
(f) The above wiring specifications are in accordance with National Electrical Code; however, installations must comply with local codes.

Model	S9V2B080D4VSAC/D (a),(b)	S9V2C100D4VSAC/D (a), (b)
Туре	Downflow	Downflow
RATINGS (c)		
1st Stage Input BTUH	52,000	65,000
1st Stage Capacity BTUH (ICS)	51,150	64,300
2nd Stage Input BTUH	80,000	100,000
2nd Stage Capacity BTUH (ICS) (d)	76,900	97,071
1st Stage Temp. Rise (Min Max.) °F	30 - 60	30 - 60
2nd Stage Temp. Rise (Min Max.) °F	35 - 65	35 - 65
AFUE (%) (d)	97.0	97.0
Return Air Temp. (Min Max.) °F	45°F - 80°F	45°F - 80°F
BLOWER DRIVE	DIRECT	DIRECT
Diameter - Width (in.)	11 X 8	11 X 10

⁽b) Central Furnace heating designs are certified to ANSI Z21.47 / CSA 2.3 - latest edition.
(c) For U.S. Applications, above input ratings (BTUH) are up to 2,000 feet, derate 4% per 1,000 feet for elevations above 2,000 feet above sea level. For Canadian applications, above input ratings (BTUH) are up to 4,500 feet, derate 4% per 1,000 feet for elevations above 4,500 feet above sea level.

Model	S9V2B080D4VSAC/D (a),(b)	S9V2C100D4VSAC/D (a), (b)
No. Used	1	1
Speeds (No.)	Variable	Variable
CFM vs. in. w.g.	See Fan Performance Table	See Fan Performance Table
Motor HP	3/4	3/4
R.P.M.	Variable	Variable
Volts / Ph / Hz	120 / 1 / 60	120 / 1 / 60
FLA	8/9.6	8/9.6
COMBUSTION FAN - Type	Variable Speed	Variable Speed
Drive - No. Speeds	Direct - Variable	Direct - Variable
Motor RPM	1/50 - 5000	1/50 - 5000
Volts/Ph/Hz	33 - 110 / 3 / 60 - 180	33 - 110 / 3 / 60 - 180
FLA	0.77	0.77
Inducer Orifice	0.96	1.05
FILTER - Furnished?	No	No
Type Recommended	High Velocity	High Velocity
Hi Vel. (NoSize-Thk.)	1 - 16 X 25 - 1 in.	1 - 20 X 25 - 1 in.
VENT OUTLET DIAMETER - MIN. (in.) (e)	2 Round	2 Round
INLET AIR DIAMETER -MIN. (in.) (e)	2 Round	2 Round
HEAT EXCHANGER – Type		
Fired	409 Stainless Steel	409 Stainless Steel
Unfired	29-4C Stainless Steel	29-4C Stainless Steel
Gauge (Fired)	20	20
ORIFICES - Main		
Nat. Gas (Qty Drill Size)	4 - 45	5 - 45
Propane Gas (Qty Drill Size)	4 - 56	5 - 56
GAS VALVE	Redundant - Two Stage	Redundant - Two Stage
PILOT SAFETY DEVICE – TYPE	120 V SiNi Igniter	120 V SiNi Igniter
BURNERS - TYPE - QTY	Inshot - 4	Inshot - 5
POWER CONN V/Ph/HZ ^(f)	120 / 1 / 60	120 / 1 / 60
Ampacity (Amps)	10.9 / 12.9	10.9 / 12.9
Max. Overcurrent Protection (Amps)	15	15
PIPE CONN. SIZE (IN.)	1/2	1/2

⁽a) Meets Energy Star

⁽b) Central Furnace heating designs are certified to ANSI Z21.47 / CSA 2.3 - latest edition.

⁽c) For U.S. Applications, above input ratings (BTUH) are up to 2,000 feet, derate 4% per 1,000 feet for elevations above 2,000 feet above sea level. For Canadian applications, above input ratings (BTUH) are up to 4,500 feet, derate 4% per 1,000 feet for elevations above 4,500 feet above sea level.

(d) Based on U.S. government standard tests.

⁽e) Refer to Vent Length Table in the Installer's Guide.

⁽f) The above wiring specifications are in accordance with National Electrical Code; however, installations must comply with local codes.

Sequence of Operation

Note: The seven segment LED readout is based on thermostat input. During a simultaneous call for W1 and W2, the seven segment LED will read "HE2", although the IFC will process the call for 1st stage heat first.

1st Stage Gas Heating

- 1. R W1 contacts close on the thermostat sending 24VAC to the W1 low voltage terminal of the IFC. Technician should read 24VAC from W1 to B/C. The seven segment LED will read "HE I".
- 2. The IFC performs a self-check routine and then confirms:
 - a. Condensate pressure switch and Inducer limit switch are closed by sending 24VAC out the HLO terminal and monitoring the ILI input.
 - Flame roll-out switches (FRS) 1 & 2, main thermal limit (TCO), and any reverse air flow (RAF) switches are closed by sending 24VAC out the HLO terminal and monitoring the HLI input.

Note: Downflow units will have one reverse air flow switch (RAF). Upflow units will have two reverse air flow switches (RAF).

c. Pressure switch 1 (PS1) and pressure switch 2 (PS2) are opened by sending 24VAC out the HLO terminal, through the limit switches, and monitoring the PS1 and PS2 inputs.

Note: If a thermal limit is open, 24VAC <u>will not</u> be present at either pressure switch.

- After steps 2a, b, and c are confirmed, the variable speed inducer is energized and will run at the predetermined factory default 1st stage inducer speed. As the inducer ramps up, PS1 will close.
- When PS1 closes, the ignitor relay on the IFC will close. The ignitor is energized and warm up is approximately 20 seconds.
- 5. After the ignitor warm up, the 1st stage gas valve relay is closed, energizing the 1st stage gas valve solenoid to allow ignition.
- The first burner will ignite and flame will crossover to the remaining burners, establishing current to the flame sensor. Flame sensing must take place within 4 seconds.
- Once flame sense has been achieved, a timer on the IFC starts and after the "Blower On" delay has completed, the indoor blower will energize and run at the 1st stage gas heating speed.
 - During this time, the variable speed inducer will start its 1st stage learning routine, seen as Lr I on the seven segment LED display. HE I and Lr I will alternately be displayed until the learning routine has been successfully completed. See Learning Routine section below for specifics.

 Once the 1st stage learning routine has successfully been achieved, the seven segment LED will alternately read:

HEI = Gas heating, Stage 1

RrF = Airflow

 $\Box B\Box = 600$ calculated cfm (value shown x 10)

- 9. When the temperature raises enough to satisfy the thermostat setting, contacts R-W1 will open.
- 10. The gas valve relay will open, closing the gas valve. The inducer will continue to run the post-purge for approximately 5 seconds to remove any combustion byproducts from inside the furnace.
- 11. The indoor blower continues to run the heat off delay to remove heat from the heat exchangers. The blower off time is field adjustable through the IFC menu setup option. The seven segment LED will read "! dL" = Idle, no thermostat demand.

2nd Stage Gas Heating

Note: 2nd stage heating cannot operate without 1st stage operation.

- R W1 contacts close on the thermostat sending 24VAC to the W1 low voltage terminal of the IFC. Technician should read 24VAC from W1 to B/C. The seven segment LED will read "HE I".
- 2. The IFC performs a self-check routine and then confirms:
 - a. Condensate pressure switch and Inducer limit switch are closed by sending 24VAC out the HLO terminal and monitoring the ILI input.
 - Flame roll-out switches (FRS) 1 & 2, main thermal limit (TCO), and any reverse air flow (RAF) switches are closed by sending 24VAC out the HLO terminal and monitoring the HLI input.

Note: Downflow units will have one reverse air flow switch (RAF).

Upflow units will have two reverse air flow switches (RAF).

c. Pressure switch 1 (PS1) and pressure switch 2 (PS2) are opened by sending 24VAC out the HLO terminal, through the limit switches, and monitoring the PS1 and PS2 inputs.

Note: If a thermal limit is open, 24VAC <u>will not</u> be present at either pressure switch.

- After steps 2a, b, and c are confirmed, the variable speed inducer is energized and will run at the predetermined factory default 1st stage inducer speed. As the inducer ramps up, PS1 will close.
- 4. When PS1 closes, the ignitor relay on the IFC will close. The ignitor is energized and warm up is approximately 20 seconds.

- After the ignitor warm up, the 1st stage gas valve relay is closed, energizing the 1st stage gas valve solenoid to allow ignition.
- 6. The first burner will ignite and flame will crossover to the remaining burners, establishing current to the flame sensor. Flame sensing must take place within 4 seconds.
- Once flame sense has been achieved, a timer on the IFC starts and after the "Blower On" delay has completed, the indoor blower will energize and run at the 1st stage gas heating speed.
 - During this time, the variable speed inducer will start its 1st stage learning routine, seen as Lr I on the seven segment LED display. HE I and Lr I will alternately be displayed until the learning routine has been successfully completed. See Learning Routine section below for specifics.
- Once the 1st stage learning routine has successfully been achieved, the seven segment LED will alternately read:

HE! = Gas heating, Stage 1

ArF = Airflow

 $\Box \Box \Box = 600$ calculated cfm (value shown x 10)

- 9. R-W2 contacts close on the thermostat sending 24VAC to the W2 low voltage terminal of the IFC. Technician should read 24VAC from W2 to B/C. The seven segment LED will read "Ht2".
- 10. The IFC checks to insure that PS2 is open and the inducer is ramped up to the predetermined factory default 2nd stage speed, closing PS2 pressure switch. The second stage gas valve relay on the IFC closes, energizing second stage gas valve. The indoor blower motor will ramp up to the 2nd stage gas heating speed.
 - During this time, the variable speed inducer will start its 2nd stage learning routine, seen as Lr2 on the seven segment LED display. HL2 and Lr2 will alternately be displayed until the learning routine has been successfully completed. See Learning Routine section below for specifics
- 11. Once the the 2nd stage learning routine has successfully been completed, the seven segment LED will alternately read:

HE2 = Gas heating, Stage 2

ArF = Airflow

123 = 1230 calculated cfm (value shown x 10)

- 12. When the temperature raises enough to satisfy the thermostat setting, contacts R-W2 will open, 2nd stage gas valve will close, the indoor blower motor will ramp down to 1st stage, and the unit will continue to run until R-W1 contacts open.
- 13. When the temperature raises enough to satisfy the thermostat setting, contacts R-W1 will open.
- 14. The gas valve relay will open, closing the gas valve. The inducer will continue to run for approximately 5 seconds to remove any combustion byproducts from inside the furnace.

15. The indoor blower continues to run to remove heat from the heat exchangers. This blower off time is field adjustable through the IFC menu setup option. The seven segment LED will read "! dL" = Idle, no thermostat demand.

Single Stage Cooling

 R-Y1-G contacts on the thermostat close sending 24VAC to the Y1 and G low voltage terminals on the IFC. Technician should read 24VAC between Y1-B/C and between G-B/C.

Note: Factory supplied Y1-O jumper must remain in place for proper seven segment LED readout. If removed, seven segment LED will read

- 2. 24VAC is sent to the OD unit via thermostat wiring.
- The indoor blower ramps to the cooling airflow.
 The seven segment LED for <u>example</u> will alternately read:

[L | = Cooling, Stage 1

ArF = Airflow

 $\Box B\Box = 800$ calculated cfm (value shown x 10)

- 4. When the temperature is lowered enough to satisfy the thermostat setting, contacts R-Y1-G will open.
- 5. The OD unit shuts off and the indoor blower shuts off, unless a blower off delay has been enabled in the IFC setup menu options. The seven segment LED will read "I dL" = Idle, no thermostat demand.

Two Stage Cooling

 R-Y1-G contacts on the thermostat close sending 24VAC to the Y1 and G low voltage terminals on the IFC. Technician should read 24VAC between Y1-B/C and between G-B/C.

Note: Factory supplied Y1-O jumper must remain in place for proper seven segment LED readout. If removed, seven segment LED will read "HP I".

- 2. 24VAC is sent to the OD unit via thermostat wiring.
- The indoor blower ramps to the cooling airflow.
 The seven segment LED for <u>example</u> will alternately read:

EL ! = Cooling, Stage 1

ArF = Airflow

 $\Box B\Box = 800$ calculated cfm (value shown x 10)

4. R-Y2 contact on the thermostat closes sending 24VAC to Y2 low voltage terminal on the IFC.

Technician should read 24VAC between Y2 and B/C.

- 5. 24VAC is sent to the OD unit via thermostat wiring.
- The indoor airflow ramps to 2nd stage cooling airflow. The seven segment LED for example will read:

EL2 = Cooling, Stage 2

RrF = Airflow

150 = 1600 calculated cfm (value shown x 10)

- When the temperature is lowered enough to satisfy the thermostat setting, contacts R-Y1-Y2-G will open.
- 8. The OD unit shuts off and the indoor blower shuts off, unless a blower off delay has been enabled in the IFC setup menu options. The seven segment LED will read "I dL" = Idle, no thermostat demand.

Variable Speed Inducer Learning Routine

The purpose of the learning routine is to determine the most efficient inducer operating speed for the furnace in a given heat stage. On a call for gas heat, or transition to a given gas heat stage, the inducer is commanded to a speed in order to close the pressure switch for that stage.

Note: NOTE: Gas manifold measurements or adjustments must not be made until the learning routine for each stage has been successfully completed.

There are two learning routines, one for 1st stage gas heat and another for 2nd stage gas heat. Each learning routine is separate and will occur:

- 1. Upon initial commissioning of the furnace
- 2. When power to the furnace has been interrupted
- After the below number of heating cycles has been reached
 - a. 150 1st stage cycles
 - b. 100 2nd stage cycles

1st Stage Heat

 When 1st stage gas heat is requested, the variable speed inducer is energized and will run at the predetermined factory default 1st stage inducer speed. Once the ignition process and the blower on delay have successfully completed the IFC will begin the Inducer Learning Routine as outlined below

PS1 closes at default speed

- The inducer speed is reduced every 2 seconds until PS1 opens
- At the time PS1 opens, the IFC stores the inducer RPM

c. The inducer RPM is then raised every 3 seconds to re-close PS1. Upon PS1 closing, the IFC has now learned the most efficient inducer speed for 1st stage gas heat operation.

PS1 does not close at default speed

The IFC will increase the speed of the inducer until:

- The maximum RPM for 1st stage gas heat is reached
- b. Or PS1 closes

Once PS1 closes, the learning routine will begin as stated above.

2nd Stage Heat

 When 2nd stage gas heat is requested, the variable speed inducer will run at the predetermined factory default 2nd stage inducer speed.

PS2 closes at default speed

- a. The inducer speed is reduced every 2 seconds until PS2 opens
- b. At the time PS2 opens, the IFC stores the inducer RPM
- c. The inducer RPM is then raised every 3 seconds to re-close PS2. Upon PS2 closing, the IFC has now learned the most efficient inducer speed for 2nd stage gas heat operation.

PS2 does not close at default speed

The IFC will increase the speed of the inducer until:

- The maximum RPM for 2nd stage gas heat is reached
- b. Or PS2 closes

Once PS2 closes, the learning routine will begin as stated above. If PS2 does not close after reaching the maximum RPM, a PS2 open error will be reported and the furnace will continue to run in 1st stage for 10 minutes and retry 2nd stage. This process will repeat until the request for 2nd stage heat is removed.

Periodic Servicing Requirements

- 1. GENERAL INSPECTION Examine the furnace installation annually for the following items:
 - a. All flue product carrying areas external to the Furnace (i.e. chimney, vent connector) are clear and free of obstruction. A vent screen in the end of the Vent (flue) Pipe must be inspected for blockage annually, if applicable.
 - The vent connector is in place, slopes upward and is physically sound without holes or excessive corrosion.
 - c. The return air duct connection(s) is physically sound, is sealed to the Furnace and terminates outside the space containing the Furnace.
 - d. The physical support of the Furnace should be sound without sagging, cracks, gaps, etc., around the base so as to provide a seal between the support and the base.
- FILTERS Filters should be cleaned or replaced (with high velocity filters only), monthly and more frequently during high use times of the year such as midsummer or midwinter.
- 3. BLOWERS The Blower size and speed determine the air volume delivered by the Furnace. The Blower motor bearings are factory lubricated and under normal operating conditions do not require servicing. Annual cleaning of the Blower wheel and housing is recommended for maximum air output, and this must be performed only by a qualified servicer or service agency.
- 4. IGNITER This unit has a special hot surface direct ignition device that automatically lights the burners. Please note that it is very fragile and should be handled with care. ! CAUTION Do NOT touch igniter. It is extremely hot.
- 5. BURNER Gas burners do not normally require scheduled servicing, however, accumulation of foreign material may cause a yellowing flame or delayed ignition. Either condition indicates that a service call is required. For best operation, burners must be cleaned annually using brushes and vacuum cleaner. Turn off gas and electric power supply. To clean burners, remove burner bottom plate (2 screws) and bottom burner bracket (2 screws). Twist burner towards slot, lift, and push forward away from orifice. Remove burners.

Alternate method — Remove manifold assembly, bottom burner plate, and bottom burner bracket. Remove burners.

Note: Be careful NOT to break igniter when removing burners.

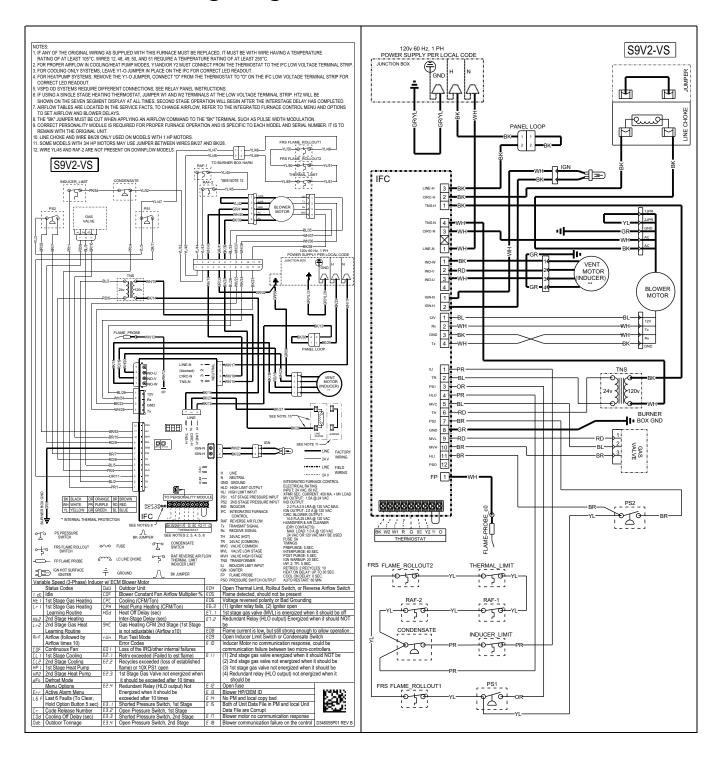
Clean burners with brush and/ or vacuum cleaner. Reassemble parts by reversal of the above procedure.

Note: Natural gas units should not have any yellow tipped flames. This condition indicates that a service call is required. For best operation, burners must be cleaned annually using brushes and vacuum cleaner

Note: On Propane units, due to variations in BTU content and altitude, servicing may be required at shorter intervals.

- 6. HEAT EXCHANGER/ FLUE PIPE These items must be inspected for signs of corrosion, and/ or deterioration at the beginning of each heating season by a qualified service technician and cleaned annually for best operation. To clean flue gas passages, follow recommendations below:
 - a. Turn off gas and electric power supply.
 - Inspect flue pipe exterior for cracks, leaks, holes or leaky joints. Some discoloration of PVC pipe is normal.
 - c. Remove door from Furnace.
 - d. Inspect around insulation covering flue collector box. Inspect induced draft Blower connections from recuperative cell and to the flue pipe connection.
 - e. Remove burners. (See 5. Burner)
 - f. Use a mirror and flashlight to inspect interior of Heat Exchanger, be careful not to damage the Igniter, Flame Sensor or other components.
 - g. If any corrosion is present, the Heat Exchanger should be cleaned by a qualified service technician.
 - h. After inspection is complete replace burners and Furnace door.
 - Restore gas supply. Check for leaks using a soap solution. Restore electrical supply. Check unit for normal operation.
- COOLING COIL CONDENSATE DRAIN If a cooling coil is installed with the Furnace, condensate drains should be checked and cleaned periodically to assure that condensate can drain freely from coil to drain. If condensate cannot drain freely water damage could occur. (See Condensate Drain in Installer's Guide.)

S9V2-VS Wiring Diagram



Heating and Cooling Airflow Tables

Table 1. S9V2B040U3VSAC Heating Airflow

S9V2B040U	3VSAC Furnac	e Heating Air	flow (CFM), Te	mp. Rise (°F Filter (iwc)), and Power (Watts) vs. Ext	ernal Static P	ressure with	
				1st Stage Capacity = 25,700 2nd Stage Capacity = 39,350					
Heating	Airflow	Target			Exter	nal Static Pre	ssure		
Heating	Setting	Airflow		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	
			CFM	468	452	437	421	406	
	Low	468	Temp. Rise	49	51	54	56	58	
			Watts	27	58	90	121	152	
			CFM	552	600	647	694	741	
	Medium Low	598	Temp. Rise	43	39	36	32	28	
Heating 1st			Watts	41	76	112	147	183	
Stage			CFM	583	635	687	739	791	
	Medium (a)	634	Temp. Rise	39	36	33	30	27	
			Watts	48	83	118	153	189	
	High	1008	CFM	930	905	879	853	828	
			Temp. Rise	25	25	26	27	27	
			Watts	125	178	232	285	339	
			CFM	633	636	639	643	646	
	Low	650	Temp. Rise	57	57	57	56	56	
			Watts	48	92	135	179	223	
			CFM	760	786	813	840	866	
	Medium Low	830	Temp. Rise	48	46	45	43	41	
Heating 2nd			Watts	82	132	182	232	282	
Stage			CFM	792	817	842	867	892	
	Medium (a)	880	Temp. Rise	44	44	43	43	42	
			Watts	94	142	189	237	284	
			CFM	1337	1269	1200	1132	1063	
	High	1400	Temp. Rise	27	29	31	32	34	
			Watts	335	376	417	458	499	

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 2. S9V2B040U3VSAD Heating Airflow

						ge Capacity = ge Capacity =		
Heating	Airflow	Target			Exter	nal Static Pre	ssure	
ricating	Setting	Airflow		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
			CFM	468	452	437	421	406
	Low	468	Temp. Rise	49	51	54	56	58
			Watts	27	58	90	121	152
			CFM	552	600	647	694	741
	Medium Low	598	Temp. Rise	43	39	36	32	28
Heating 1st			Watts	41	76	112	147	183
Stage	Medium (a)	634	CFM	583	635	687	739	791
			Temp. Rise	39	36	33	30	27
			Watts	48	83	118	153	189
	High	h 864	CFM	753	786	818	850	883
			Temp. Rise	30	29	28	27	26
			Watts	87	129	171	214	256
			CFM	633	636	639	643	646
	Low	650	Temp. Rise	57	57	57	56	56
			Watts	48	92	135	179	223
			CFM	760	786	813	840	866
	Medium Low	830	Temp. Rise	48	46	45	43	41
Heating 2nd			Watts	82	132	182	232	282
Stage			CFM	792	817	842	867	892
	Medium (a)	880	Temp. Rise	44	44	43	43	42
			Watts	94	142	189	237	284
			CFM	1023	1044	1066	1088	1109
	High	1200	Temp. Rise	34	34	33	33	32
			Watts	192	251	310	369	428

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 3. S9V2B040U3VSAC/D Cooling Airflow

331200-0	USVSAC/DF		AITTIOW (CFM) and Power	(Watts) vs. External Static Pressure with Filter (iwc External Static Pressure				
Cooling	Unit	Airflow Setting				nai Static Pre	ssure		
Cooming	Outdoor	(CFM/ton)		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	
		Cooling 450	CFM	675	675	675	675	675	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	47	81	121	166	215	
		Cooling 420	CFM	630	630	630	630	630	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	40	72	111	154	202	
		Cooling 400	CFM	600	600	600 105	600 147	600	
		CFM/Ton Cooling 370	Watts CFM	36 555	67 555	555	555	193 555	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	30	60	96	136	181	
Cooling	1.5 Ton	Cooling 350	CFM	525	525	525	525	525	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	27	56	90	130	174	
		Cooling 330	CFM	495	495	495	495	495	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	24	51	85	124	167	
		Cooling 310	CFM	465	465	465	465	465	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	21	48	80	118	161	
		Cooling 290	CFM	435	435	435	435	435	
		CFM/Ton Cooling 450	Watts CFM	19 900	44 900	76 900	113 900	155 900	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	900	137	186	240	298	
		Cooling 420	CFM	840	840	840	840	840	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	79	120	166	218	273	
		Cooling 400	CFM	800	800	800	800	800	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	70	109	154	204	258	
		Cooling 370	CFM	740	740	740	740	740	
Cooling	2.0 Ton	CFM/Ton	Watts	58	95	138	185	236	
	2.0 1011	Cooling 350	CFM	700	700	700	700	700	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	51	86	127	173	223	
		Cooling 330 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	660 44	660 78	660 118	660 162	660 211	
		Cooling 310	CFM	620	620	620	620	620	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	38	71	109	152	199	
		Cooling 290	CFM	580	580	580	580	580	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	33	64	101	142	188	
		Cooling 450	CFM	1125	1125	1125	1125	1125	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	167	219	278	341	408	
		Cooling 420	CFM	1050	1050	1050	1050	1050	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	139	188	244	304	368	
		Cooling 400	CFM	1000 123	1000	1000	1000	1000	
		CFM/Ton Cooling 370	Watts CFM	925	170 925	223 925	281 925	343 925	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	100	145	195	250	308	
Cooling	2.5 Ton	Cooling 350	CFM	875	875	875	875	875	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	87	129	178	230	287	
		Cooling 330	CFM	825	825	825	825	825	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	121	160	205	254	308	
		Cooling 310	CFM	775	775	775	775	775	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	101	139	182	229	281	
		Cooling 290	CFM	725	725	725	725	725	
		CFM/Ton Cooling 450	Watts CFM	88 1350	123 1350	164 1350	210 1298	260 1198	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	272	334	402	440	450	
		Cooling 420	CFM	1260	1260	1260	1260	1198	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	226	284	348	417	450	
		Cooling 400	CFM	1200	1200	1200	1200	1198	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	198	254	315	381	450	
		Cooling 370	CFM	1110	1110	1110	1110	1110	
Cooling	3.0 Ton (a)	CFM/Ton	Watts	161	213	271	333	399	
cooming	3.0 1011 (7)	Cooling 350	CFM	1050	1050	1050	1050	1050	
		CFM/Ton (a)	Watts	139	188	244	304	368	
		Cooling 330	CFM Watte	990	990	990	990	990	
		CFM/Ton Cooling 310	Watts	930	166 930	219 930	277 930	338 930	
		CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	102	146	197	252	311	
		Cooling 290	CFM	870	870	870	870	870	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	86	128	176	229	285	

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 4. S9V2B060U3VSAC/D Heating Airflow

S9V2B060	J3VSAC/D Fur	nace Heating	Airflow (CFM) w	, Temp. Rise ith Filter (iw	• • •	er (Watts) vs	. External Stat	tic Pressure	
				1st Stage Capacity = 38,450 2nd Stage Capacity = 57,700					
Heating	Airflow	Target			Exter	nal Static Pre	ssure		
ricating	Setting	Airflow		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	
			CFM	660	658	656	654	652	
	Low	632	Temp. Rise	53	53	53	53	54	
			Watts	48	85	121	157	193	
	Medium Low		CFM	860	856	852	848	844	
	(a)	814	Temp. Rise	41	41	42	42	43	
Heating 1st	(u)		Watts	91	128	164	200	236	
Stage	Medium	893	CFM	900	899	898	897	896	
			Temp. Rise	39	39	39	39	39	
			Watts	110	147	183	219	255	
	High	1027	CFM	1068	1061	1054	1047	1041	
			Temp. Rise	33	33	33	33	33	
			Watts	165	202	239	276	313	
			CFM	851	843	835	826	818	
	Low	800	Temp. Rise	64	64	64	64	64	
			Watts	81	127	172	218	264	
	Medium Low		CFM	1092	1075	1057	1039	1022	
	(a)	1030	Temp. Rise	49	50	50	51	52	
Heating 2nd	(0)		Watts	157	209	262	314	366	
Stage			CFM	1132	1128	1124	1119	1115	
	Medium	1130	Temp. Rise	47	47	48	48	48	
			Watts	201	255	308	362	416	
			CFM	1280	1281	1282	1283	1283	
	High	1300	Temp. Rise	42	42	42	42	42	
			Watts	319	365	410	456	502	

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 5. S9V2B060U3VSAC/D Cooling Airflow

22122000	1	urnace Cooling Airflow	7	,		nal Static Pres		11101 (11110	
Cooling	Unit Outdoor	Setting (CFM/ton)		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	
		Cooling 450	CFM	663	673	666	641	596	
			CFM/Ton	Watts	47	83	119	155	192
		Cooling 420	CFM	621	630	621	595	549	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	41	75	109	144	180	
		Cooling 400	CFM	582	580	566	528	507	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	36	67	99	130	170	
		Cooling 370	CFM	549	556	546	517	469	
Cooling	4.55	CFM/Ton	Watts	32	63	95	128	162	
Cooling	1.5 Ton	Cooling 350	CFM	521	527	516	486	437	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	29	59	90	122	156	
		Cooling 330	CFM	492	497	486	455	405	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	26	55	85	117	150	
		Cooling 310	CFM	463	468	455	423	372	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	23	51	81	112	145	
		Cooling 290	CFM	435	438	424	391	339	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	21	48	77	107	141	
		Cooling 450	CFM	878	893	890	869	829	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	90	135	179	223	266	
		Cooling 420	CFM	821	834	830	808	767	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	76	119	161	202	244	
		Cooling 400	CFM	770	778	770	742	725	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	66	105	144	182	230	
		Cooling 370	CFM	725	737	731	707	664	
Caalina	207	CFM/Ton	Watts	57	96	134	172	211	
Cooling	2.0 Ton	Cooling 350	CFM	687	698	691	666	622	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	51	88	124	161	199	
		Cooling 330	CFM	649	659	651	625	580	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	45	80	115	151	188	
		Cooling 310	CFM	611	620	611	584	538	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	39	73	107	142	177	
		Cooling 290	CFM	573	581	571	543	496	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	34	67	99	133	168	

Table 5. S9V2B060U3VSAC/D Cooling Airflow (continued)

55 T 2 D 0 0 0	1	urnace Cooling Airflow	All How (CI P	l dila Power	· /	nal Static Pres		inter (IWC
Cooling	Cooling Unit Outdoor	Setting (CFM/ton)		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
		Cooling 450	CFM	1097	1114	1114	1097	1061
		CFM/Ton	Watts	159	212	265	317	368
		Cooling 420	CFM	1023	1040	1039	1020	984
		CFM/Ton	Watts	133	184	233	282	331
		Cooling 400	CFM	976	989	990	970	932
		CFM/Ton	Watts	117	166	214	261	308
		Cooling 370	CFM	902	917	915	894	855
6 1:		CFM/Ton	Watts	97	142	187	232	276
Cooling	2.5 Ton	Cooling 350	CFM	854	868	865	843	803
		CFM/Ton	Watts	84	128	171	214	257
		Cooling 330	CFM	806	819	815	793	752
		CFM/Ton	Watts	73	115	157	198	239
		Cooling 310	CFM	759	771	766	742	700
		CFM/Ton	Watts	63	103	143	182	222
		Cooling 290	CFM	711	722	716	692	648
		CFM/Ton	Watts	55	93	130	168	206
		Cooling 450	CFM	1319	1340	1343	1328	1295
		CFM/Ton	Watts	260	321	382	441	501
		Cooling 420	CFM	1229	1249	1251	1235	1201
		CFM/Ton	Watts	215	274	331	387	443
		Cooling 400	CFM	1170	1189	1190	1173	1139
		CFM/Ton	Watts	189	245	300	354	408
		Cooling 370	CFM	1082	1100	1099	1081	1046
Cooling	3.0 Ton (a)	CFM/Ton	Watts	154	206	258	309	360
Cooling	3.0 1011(0)	Cooling 350	CFM	1023	1040	1039	1020	984
		CFM/Ton (a)	Watts	133	184	233	282	331
		Cooling 330	CFM	965	981	979	960	922
		CFM/Ton	Watts	114	163	210	257	304
		Cooling 310	CFM	907	922	919	899	860
		CFM/Ton	Watts	98	144	189	234	278
		Cooling 290	CFM	850	863	860	838	798
		CFM/Ton	Watts	83	127	170	212	255

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 6. S9V2B080U4VSAC/D Heating Airflow

S9V2B080	J4VSAC/D Fur	nace Heating	Airflow (CFM) w), Temp. Rise vith Filter (iw	• •	er (Watts) vs	. External Stat	tic Pressure
					1st Sta	ge Capacity = ge Capacity =	•	
	Airflow	Target			Exter	nal Static Pre	ssure	
Heating	Setting	Airflow		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
			CFM	860	849	838	827	816
	Low	864	Temp. Rise	54	55	56	57	58
		004	Watts	87	125	163	200	238
Heating 1st Stage	Medium Low		CFM	907	893	879	865	852
	(a)	907	Temp. Rise	51	52	53	54	54
	(a)		Watts	97	135	174	212	251
	Medium		CFM	957	930	903	876	849
		958	Temp. Rise	49	50	51	52	53
			Watts	112	153	194	234	275
	High	1051	CFM	1042	1015	989	962	936
			Temp. Rise	45	46	47	47	48
			Watts	140	182	225	267	310
		1200	CFM	1211	1206	1201	1197	1192
	Low		Temp. Rise	60	60	60	60	60
			Watts	196	248	300	352	404
	Medium Low		CFM	1258	1261	1263	1265	1268
	(a)	1260	Temp. Rise	58	57	57	57	57
Heating 2nd	(0)		Watts	215	271	326	381	436
Stage			CFM	1307	1303	1299	1296	1292
	Medium	1330	Temp. Rise	55	55	55	55	55
			Watts	260	312	364	416	468
			CFM	1431	1412	1393	1374	1355
	High	1460	Temp. Rise	50	51	52	52	53
			Watts	334	390	445	501	557

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 7. S9V2B080D4VSAC/D Heating Airflow

						ge Capacity = ge Capacity =		
Heating	Airflow	Target			Exter	nal Static Pre	ssure	
Heating	Setting	Airflow		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
			CFM	780	776	772	768	764
	Low	864	Temp. Rise	60	60	61	61	61
			Watts	94	135	176	216	257
			CFM	807	811	814	818	822
	Medium Low	907	Temp. Rise	57	57	58	58	58
Heating 1st Stage			Watts	101	151	201	252	302
	Medium ^(a)	958	CFM	862	862	862	861	861
			Temp. Rise	54	54	54	54	54
			Watts	117	168	219	271	322
	High		CFM	977	963	949	934	920
		1066	Temp. Rise	48	49	50	51	52
			Watts	128	179	230	281	332
	Low	1200	CFM	1111	1104	1096	1088	1081
			Temp. Rise	66	66	66	66	66
			Watts	204	260	317	373	429
			CFM	1193	1201	1209	1217	1225
	Medium Low	1260	Temp. Rise	59	59	59	59	59
Heating 2nd			Watts	232	296	360	424	488
Stage			CFM	1217	1217	1216	1215	1215
	Medium (a)	1330	Temp. Rise	58	58	58	58	59
			Watts	273	335	396	457	518
			CFM	1342	1328	1313	1299	1284
	High	1480	Temp. Rise	53	54	55	56	56
			Watts	329	389	448	508	567

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 8. S9V2B080U4VSAC/D / S9V2B080D4VSAC/D Cooling Airflow

	_	Airflow			r (iwc) Exter	nal Static Pre	ssure	
Cooling	Unit Outdoor	Setting (CFM/ton)		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
		Cooling 450	CFM	892	899	893	872	838
		CFM/Ton	Watts	91	136	180	222	265
		Cooling 420	CFM	834	841	834	813	777
		CFM/Ton	Watts	77	120	161	202	243
		Cooling 400	CFM	785	785	781	754	737
		CFM/Ton Cooling 370	Watts CFM	67 738	106 744	146 736	183 714	229 677
		CFM/Ton	Watts	58	97	134	172	210
Cooling	2.0 Ton	Cooling 350	CFM	700	705	697	675	638
		CFM/Ton	Watts	52	89	125	161	198
		Cooling 330	CFM	662	666	658	635	598
		CFM/Ton	Watts	46	81	116	151	187
		Cooling 310	CFM	624	627	619	596	558
		CFM/Ton	Watts	40 585	74 588	107	142	177 518
		Cooling 290 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	35	67	580 100	557 133	168
		Cooling 450	CFM	1108	1120	1116	1098	1065
		CFM/Ton	Watts	159	213	265	315	365
		Cooling 420	CFM	1035	1046	1041	1022	989
		CFM/Ton	Watts	133	184	233	281	328
Cooling 2.5		Cooling 400	CFM	988	997	992	972	938
		CFM/Ton	Watts	118	167	214	260	306
		Cooling 370	CFM	916	924	918	897	863
	2.5 Ton	CFM/Ton Cooling 350	Watts CFM	97 868	143 875	188 868	231 848	275 813
		CFM/Ton	Watts	85	129	172	213	255
		Cooling 330	CFM	820	826	819	798	762
		CFM/Ton	Watts	74	116	157	197	237
		Cooling 310	CFM	772	778	770	749	712
		CFM/Ton	Watts	64	104	143	182	221
		Cooling 290	CFM	724	729	721	699	663
		CFM/Ton	Watts	56	94	131	168	205
		Cooling 450 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	1326 257	1341 320	1341 380	1325 439	1296 497
		Cooling 420	CFM	1239	1252	1250	1234	1203
		CFM/Ton	Watts	214	273	330	385	440
		Cooling 400	CFM	1181	1193	1191	1173	1142
		CFM/Ton	Watts	188	245	299	353	405
		Cooling 370	CFM	1094	1105	1101	1083	1050
Cooling	3.0 Ton	CFM/Ton	Watts	153	207	258	308	358
- · · · · · ·		Cooling 350	CFM	1036	1046	1041	1022	989
		CFM/Ton	Watts	133 978	184 987	233 982	281 962	329 928
		Cooling 330 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	115	164	210	256	302
		Cooling 310	CFM	920	929	923	902	868
		CFM/Ton	Watts	99	145	189	233	277
		Cooling 290	CFM	863	870	863	843	807
		CFM/Ton	Watts	84	128	170	212	253
		Cooling 450	CFM	1769	1791	1797	1789	1766
		CFM/Ton	Watts	570	648	725	799	873
		Cooling 420 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	1650 469	1670 544	1675 616	1664 686	1639 756
		Cooling 400	CFM	1571	1590	1593	1582	1555
		CFM/Ton	Watts	410	481	550	618	685
		Cooling 370	CFM	1453	1470	1472	1458	1430
Cooling	4.0 Ton (a)	CFM/Ton	Watts	330	397	462	526	588
Cooling	4.0 1011(0)	Cooling 350	CFM	1375	1391	1391	1376	1347
		CFM/Ton (a)	Watts	284	348	410	471	530
		Cooling 330	CFM	1297	1312	1311	1295	1265
		CFM/Ton	Watts	242	303	363	420	477
		Cooling 310 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	1219 205	1233 263	1230 319	1214 374	1183 428
		Cooling 290	CFM	205 1142	263 1154	1151	374 1133	428 1101
	1	CFM/Ton	Watts	172	227	280	332	384

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 9. S9V2C100U4VSAC/D Heating Airflow

S9V2C100	J4VSAC/D Fur	nace Heating	airflow (CFM) W	, Temp. Rise ith Filter (iw	• • •	er (Watts) vs.	External Stat	ic Pressure
						ge Capacity = ge Capacity =	•	
Heating	Airflow	Target			Exter	nal Static Pres	ssure	
пеаціі	Setting	Airflow		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
			CFM	1132	1120	1108	1097	1085
	Low	1146	Temp. Rise	52	52	52	52	53
			Watts	139	192	246	299	352
			CFM	1265	1251	1237	1223	1209
	Medium Low	1280	Temp. Rise	46	47	47	48	48
Heating 1st Stage			Watts	187	239	291	343	395
	Medium		CFM	1291	1269	1248	1226	1205
		1359	Temp. Rise	45	46	46	47	47
			Watts	211	272	332	393	454
	High ^(a)	1446	CFM	1401	1404	1408	1412	1415
			Temp. Rise	41	41	41	41	41
			Watts	255	311	367	423	479
	Low	1450	CFM	1421	1416	1412	1408	1404
			Temp. Rise	63	63	63	63	63
			Watts	272	336	401	466	531
			CFM	1620	1611	1602	1593	1584
	Medium Low	1620	Temp. Rise	55	55	55	56	56
Heating 2nd			Watts	354	424	493	562	631
Stage			CFM	1646	1643	1640	1638	1635
	Medium	1720	Temp. Rise	53	54	54	54	54
			Watts	408	484	559	635	711
		•	CFM	1805	1787	1768	1749	1731
	High (a)	1830	Temp. Rise	49	50	50	51	51
			Watts	525	579	633	687	741

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 10. S9V2C100D4VSAC/D Heating Airflow

			V	vith Filter (iw	c)			
						ge Capacity =	•	
					2nd Sta	ge Capacity =	97,071	
Heating	Airflow	Target			Exter	nal Static Pre	ssure	
пеациу	Setting	Airflow		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
			CFM	1068	1048	1029	1009	989
	Low	1080	Temp. Rise	55	57	60	63	66
		1	Watts	101	151	201	251	301
			CFM	1158	1113	1068	1023	978
	Medium Low	1166	Temp. Rise	51	53	55	57	59
Heating 1st Stage			Watts	115	172	229	285	342
	Medium (a)	1318	CFM	1326	1272	1218	1164	1111
			Temp. Rise	46	48	50	51	53
			Watts	153	206	259	312	365
	High	1361	CFM	1312	1270	1229	1188	1147
			Temp. Rise	46	47	47	48	49
			Watts	166	221	276	331	387
		1500	CFM	1514	1478	1441	1404	1367
	Low		Temp. Rise	58	60	61	63	64
			Watts	223	297	370	443	516
			CFM	1620	1588	1556	1523	1491
	Medium Low	1620	Temp. Rise	55	56	57	58	59
Heating 2nd			Watts	276	345	415	484	553
Stage			CFM	1768	1746	1724	1702	1620
	Medium (a)	1830	Temp. Rise	50	51	52	53	53
			Watts	372	446	520	594	668
			CFM	1810	1783	1756	1729	1702
	High	1890	Temp. Rise	49	50	51	52	52
			Watts	405	476	548	677	695

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 11. S9V2C100U4VSAC/D / S9V2C100D4VSAC/D Cooling Airflow

		Airflow		ure with Filte	<u> </u>	nal Static Pres	sure	
Cooling	Unit Outdoor	Setting (CFM/ton)		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
		Cooling 450	CFM	1153	1149	1147	1145	1141
		CFM/Ton	Watts	111	159	208	260	314
		Cooling 420	CFM	1077	1073	1071	1068	1064
		CFM/Ton	Watts	94	138	185	235	287
		Cooling 400 CFM/Ton	CFM	1061 90	1057	1054	1044 227	1021
	Cooling 370	Watts CFM	950	134 945	180 942	939	273 935	
		CFM/Ton	Watts	69	109	151	197	246
Cooling	2.5 Ton	Cooling 350	CFM	899	893	890	887	882
		CFM/Ton	Watts	60	98	140	184	232
		Cooling 330	CFM	848	841	838	835	830
		CFM/Ton	Watts	53	89	129	172	219
		Cooling 310	CFM	796	789	786	782	777
		CFM/Ton	Watts	46 745	80	119	161 729	208
		Cooling 290 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	39	737 72	733 110	151	724 198
		Cooling 450	CFM	1378	1376	1374	1372	1368
		CFM/Ton	Watts	178	234	292	352	413
		Cooling 420	CFM	1289	1286	1284	1282	1277
		CFM/Ton	Watts	149	201	256	312	371
Cooling		Cooling 400	CFM	1228	1225	1223	1221	1217
		CFM/Ton	Watts	131	181	234	288	345
		Cooling 370	CFM	1138	1134	1132	1130	1125
	3.0 Ton	CFM/Ton	Watts CFM	108 1077	154 1073	203 1071	255 1068	309 1064
		Cooling 350 CFM/Ton	Watts	94	138	185	235	287
		Cooling 330	CFM	1016	1011	1009	1006	1002
		CFM/Ton	Watts	81	123	168	216	266
		Cooling 310	CFM	955	950	947	944	940
		CFM/Ton	Watts	70	110	153	199	248
		Cooling 290	CFM	894	888	885	882	877
		CFM/Ton	Watts	59	97	138	183	231
		Cooling 450	CFM	1601	1599	1597	1594	1590
		CFM/Ton Cooling 420	Watts CFM	269 1498	334 1496	401 1494	469 1491	539 1487
		CFM/Ton	Watts	224	284	347	411	477
		Cooling 400	CFM	1428	1426	1424	1422	1417
		CFM/Ton	Watts	196	254	314	376	439
		Cooling 370	CFM	1324	1321	1319	1317	1313
Cooling	3.5 Ton	CFM/Ton	Watts	160	214	270	327	387
cooming		Cooling 350	CFM	1253	1251	1249	1246	1242
		CFM/Ton	Watts	138	190	243	298	355
		Cooling 330 CFM/Ton	CFM	1183 119	1180 167	1178	1175 271	1171 326
		Cooling 310	Watts CFM	1112	1109	218 1107	1104	1100
		CFM/Ton	Watts	102	147	196	246	299
		Cooling 290	CFM	1041	1037	1035	1032	1028
		CFM/Ton	Watts	86	129	175	223	275
		Cooling 450	CFM	1820	1819	1816	1812	1807
		CFM/Ton	Watts	388	462	538	615	693
		Cooling 420	CFM	1704	1702	1700	1697	1692
		CFM/Ton	Watts	321	390	461	533	607
		Cooling 400 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	1626 281	1624 347	1622 415	1619 484	1614 554
		Cooling 370	CFM	1507	1505	1504	1501	1497
a 1:		CFM/Ton	Watts	228	289	352	417	482
Cooling	4.0 Ton (a)	Cooling 350	CFM	1428	1426	1424	1422	1417
		CFM/Ton (a)	Watts	196	254	314	376	439
		Cooling 330	CFM	1348	1346	1344	1342	1338
		CFM/Ton	Watts	168	223	280	338	399
		Cooling 310	CFM	1268	1266	1264	1261	1257
		CFM/Ton	Watts	143	195	248	304	362
		Cooling 290 CFM/Ton	CFM	1188 120	1185 169	1183 220	1180 273	1176 328

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 12. S9V2D120U5VSAC/D Heating Airflow

					1st Stag 2nd Stag	ge Capacity = ge Capacity = :	77,050 116,250	
Heating	Airflow	Target			Exter	nal Static Pres	ssure	
ricating	Setting	Airflow		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
			CFM	1138	1158	1178	1198	1218
	Low	1123	Temp. Rise	61	60	59	58	57
			Watts	115	176	236	297	358
			CFM	1371	1383	1394	1406	1417
	Medium Low	1332	Temp. Rise	51	50	50	49	49
Heating 1st Stage			Watts	182	251	320	389	457
	Medium ^(a)	1404	CFM	1440	1450	1461	1471	1482
			Temp. Rise	48	48	48	47	47
			Watts	208	283	357	431	505
	High		CFM	1669	1674	1680	1685	1691
		1620	Temp. Rise	42	42	41	41	41
			Watts	315	388	460	533	605
	Low	1560	CFM	1654	1637	1621	1604	1587
			Temp. Rise	65	66	67	67	68
			Watts	291	360	430	499	568
			CFM	1980	1951	1922	1893	1864
	Medium Low	1850	Temp. Rise	55	56	57	58	58
Heating 2nd			Watts	456	539	621	704	787
Stage			CFM	2075	2037	1999	1961	1923
	Medium (a)	1950	Temp. Rise	52	53	54	55	56
			Watts	527	611	696	781	865
			CFM	2280	2197	2114	2032	1949
	High	2250	Temp. Rise	48	50	52	54	56
			Watts	795	819	842	865	888

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Table 13. S9V2D120U5VSAC/D Cooling Airflow

		Furnace Cooli Airflow		,		nal Static Pre		
Cooling	Unit Outdoor	Setting (CFM/ton)		0.1	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9
		Cooling 450	CFM	1336	1346	1354	1360	1363
		CFM/Ton	Watts	163	221	281	341	402
		Cooling 420	CFM	1248	1258	1265	1271	1274
		CFM/Ton	Watts	137	191	247	304	361
		Cooling 400	CFM	1189	1199	1206	1211	1214
		CFM/Ton	Watts	121	173	227	281	336
		Cooling 370	CFM	1102	1110	1116	1121	1123
Cooling	3.0 Ton	CFM/Ton	Watts	100	148	198	249	301
J	3.0 .0	Cooling 350	CFM	1043	1051	1057	1060	1062
		CFM/Ton	Watts	87	133 991	181	230	279
		Cooling 330 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	985 76	119	996 165	999 211	1000 259
		Cooling 310	CFM	927	932	936	937	938
		CFM/Ton	Watts	65	107	150	195	241
		Cooling 290	CFM	869	872	874	875	875
		CFM/Ton	Watts	56	95	136	179	223
		Cooling 450	CFM	1559	1567	1574	1579	1583
		CFM/Ton	Watts	244	312	381	450	519
		Cooling 420	CFM	1455	1464	1472	1477	1481
		CFM/Ton	Watts	204	267	331	396	462
		Cooling 400	CFM	1386	1395	1403	1409	1413
		CFM/Ton	Watts	179	240	301	363	426
		Cooling 370	CFM	1282	1292	1300	1305	1309
Cooling	3.5 Ton	CFM/Ton	Watts	147	203	260	318	376
Cooling	3.3 1011	Cooling 350	CFM	1214	1223	1231	1236	1239
		CFM/Ton	Watts	127	181	235	290	346
		Cooling 330	CFM	1145	1154	1161	1166	1169
		CFM/Ton	Watts	110 1077	160	212	265	318
		Cooling 310 CFM/Ton	CFM Watts	94	1085 142	1092 191	1096 241	1098 292
		Cooling 290	CFM	1009	1016	1021	1025	1026
		CFM/Ton	Watts	80	125	171	219	267
		Cooling 450	CFM	1783	1789	1793	1796	1798
		CFM/Ton	Watts	350	427	505	584	663
		Cooling 420	CFM	1663	1671	1677	1681	1683
		CFM/Ton	Watts	290	362	436	509	583
		Cooling 400	CFM	1584	1592	1599	1603	1607
	4.0 Ton	CFM/Ton	Watts	255	324	393	464	534
		Cooling 370	CFM	1465	1474	1481	1487	1491
Cooling		CFM/Ton	Watts	207	271	336	401	467
		Cooling 350	CFM	1386	1395	1403	1409	1413
		CFM/Ton	Watts	179	240	301	363	426
		Cooling 330	CFM	1307	1317	1324	1330	1334
		CFM/Ton Cooling 310	Watts CFM	154 1228	211 1238	269 1246	328 1251	388 1254
		CFM/Ton	Watts	131	185	240	296	352
		Cooling 290	CFM	1150	1159	1166	1171	1174
		CFM/Ton	Watts	111	162	214	266	320
		Cooling 450	CFM	2238	2235	2230	2226	2220
		CFM/Ton	Watts	646	742	840	938	1036
		Cooling 420	CFM	2086	2086	2085	2083	2080
		CFM/Ton	Watts	533	623	714	806	897
		Cooling 400	CFM	1985	1987	1988	1988	1986
		CFM/Ton	Watts	466	552	639	726	813
		Cooling 370	CFM	1834	1838	1842	1844	1845
Cooling	5.0 Ton (a)	CFM/Ton	Watts	377	456	536	617	698
Cooming	J.0 (011 (a)	Cooling 350	CFM	1733	1740	1745	1748	1750
		CFM/Ton (a)	Watts	324	399	475	552	628
		Cooling 330	CFM	1633	1641	1647	1652	1655
		CFM/Ton	Watts	277	347	419	492	564
		Cooling 310	CFM	1534	1543	1550	1555	1558
		CFM/Ton	Watts	234	301	369	437	505
		Cooling 290	CFM	1435	1444	1452	1458	1461

⁽a) Factory Setting.

Integrated Furnace Control Display Codes

	2 Stage Inducer with ECM Blower Motor						
l dL	Idle						
HEI	First Stage Gas Heating						
LrI	First Stage Gas Heat Learning Routine						
HF5	Second Stage Heating						
Lr2	Second Stage Gas Heat Learning Routine						
ArF	Calculated Airflow (Followed by Airflow times 10)						
COF	Continuous Fan						
ELI	First Stage Cooling						
Cr5	Second Stage Cooling						
не	First Stage Heat Pump						
HP2	Second Stage Heat Pump						
dFL	Defrost Mode						
	Menu Options						
Err	Active Alarm Menu						
L6F	Last 6 Faults (To clear — Hold Option button down for 5 seconds)						
[r	Code Release Number						
COd	Cooling Off Delay (Seconds)						
Odt	Outdoor Tonnage						
OdU	Outdoor Unit						
COF	Blower Constant Fan Airflow Multiplier (Percentage)						
СРС	Cooling (CFM/Ton)						
СРН	Heat Pump Heating (CFM/Ton)						
Hod	Heat Off Delay (Seconds)						
I 5d	Inter-Stage Delay (Seconds)						
9нС	Gas Heating CFM 2nd Stage (1st Stage is not adjustable) (Airflow times 10)						
rUn	Run Test Mode						

Table 14. Fault Code Recovery

Fault Code Recovery

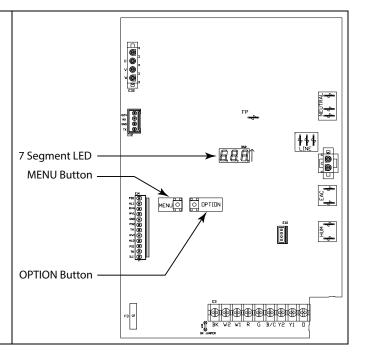
- To view the last 6 faults, press the "Menu" key until the "Last 6 Faults" (L6F) menu appears.
- 2. Enter the menu by pressing the "Option" key.
- 3. The last 6 faults can be viewed.

Clearing the Last 6 Faults

- To clear the last 6 faults, press the "Menu" key until the "Last 6 Faults" (LBF) menu appears.
- 2. Enter the menu by pressing the "Option" key.
- 3. Hold the "Option" key for at least 5 seconds.
- 4. Release and a set of 3 dashes with be seen 3 times. This confirms the faults have been cleared.

Resetting Factory Defaults

- 1. Display must be in Idle Mode.
- Push the "Menu" and "Option" buttons at the same time for 15 seconds then release.
- 3. The 7 segment will flash "Fd" 3 times. This confirms the unit has been reset to the factory defaults.



Integrated Furnace Control Menu

Scroll to the selected Menu item by momentarily depressing the "MENU" key to the desired setting. Then momentarily depress the "MENU" key again to save the change. To change any factory default value, first remove any "call" from the furnace and allow any fan off delays to finish. (i $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ should be seen on the display.) SETTING UP YOUR SYSTEM: Example Open Limit Switch 604 Control System Menu 88 Error Example 1st Stage Pressure Switch Error 1st Stage Pressure Switch Error ੍ਰ ਜੁ ArF g <u>Example</u> 2nd Stage Pressure Switch Error Example 2nd Stage Pressure Switch Error ₹3_4 E3_4 붗 些 님

CLEARING THE LAST6 FAULTS.

To clear the stored faults, scroll to the last 6 faults menu (LEF), enter the menu by scrolling to the right and hold the "OPTION" key for at least 5 seconds. Release and a set of 3 dashes will be seen 3 times. This confirms the faults have been cleared.

oftware Version

Example

Last 6 Faults

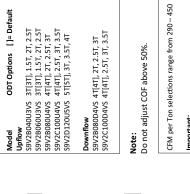
1 20

Control Release#

Gas Heating CFM shown is 2nd stage airflow. 1st stage airflow is ~80% of the selected 2nd stage airflow and cannot be adjusted.
Gas heating GFM can be adjusted while the unit is operating in gas heat mode to enable the technician to quickly adjust to the manufacturer's suggested heat rise across the heat exchanger.

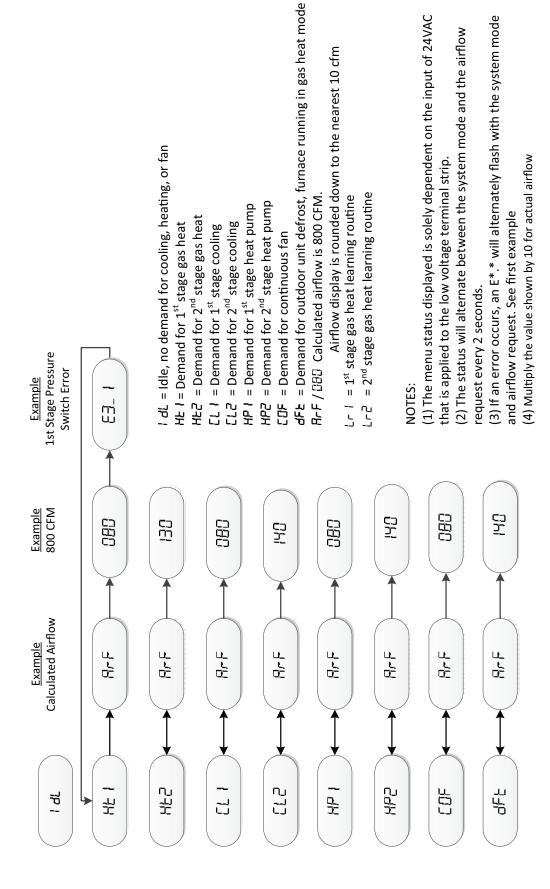
Multiply the value shown by 10 for actual airflow.

Model	Gas Heating CFM []=Default]=Default
Upflow		
S9V2B040U3VSAC	S9V2B040U3VSAC 088 [088], 140, 065, 083	5, 083
S9V2B040U3VSAD	088 [088], 120, 06	55, 083
S9V2B060U3VS	103 [103], 113, 130, 080	080
S9V2B080U4VS	133 [133], 146, 120, 126	0, 126
S9V2C100U4VS	183 [183], 145, 162, 172	2, 172
S9V2D120U5VS	195 [195], 225, 156, 185	56, 185
Downflow		
S9V2B080D4VS	133 [133], 148, 120, 126	0, 126
S9V2C100D4VS	183 [183], 189, 150, 162	0, 162



When applied with zoning or a VSPD outdoor unit, the CFM/Ton must be set to 400. 2.5 300 8 Ŧ 23 Ŋ Example 2 stage 2 compressor 2-0 밁 00 033 8 89 밁 99 Example 2 stage 1 compressor ~ ane 57 88 DLE 900 品 5 문 See Run Test Menu Example stage Heating CFM Example 1 stage 1 compressor Example 50% Cooling Airflow 3.0 _ <u>Example</u> Seconds Example 9 Example 88 Example 350 350 60 630 22 Cooling Off Delay Gas Heating CFM Continuous Fan Delay Heating CFM per Ton Run Test Mode Cooling CFM OD Unit Type Heat Off Delay OD Tonnage ű 뎚

S9V2-VS Examples of System Status



Note: During run test mode, depressing the option key will allow the user to hold (HLD) that test sequence if measurements want to be taken. The exception is RU3 (ignitor).



Run Test Mode:

To enter Run Test Mode, scroll to run using the Menu key, then push the option key. The LED will flash run three times, then begin the test.

To exit the test mode, momentarily push the Menu key, cycle power to the furnace, or make a valid thermostat call for capacity or fan.

Sequence of Run Test Mode

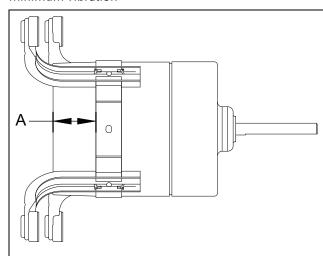
- ru∤-Turns the inducer on in 1st stage for 30 seconds
- r U= Turns on the inducer on 2nd stage for 30 seconds
- rU∃ Turns the ignitor on for 10 seconds
- r U⁴ Turns the circulating blower on 1st stage compressor speed for 10 seconds
- r U5 − Turns the circulating blower on 2nd stage compressor speed for 10 seconds
- ¬ UБ Turns the circulating blower on 1st stage gas heat speed for 10 seconds
- ru7 − Turns on the circulating blower on 2nd stage gas heat speed for 10 seconds

The above sequence will repeat two more times unless the Run Test Mode is exited, see above

Important: The Run Test Mode does not test fire the furnace or bring the outdoor unit on. It is designed to allow the technician to observe each mode to ensure the IFC, inducer, and circulating blower are performing as intended.

Belly Band Location

Distance from belly band to the front face of motor for minimum vibration



Blower housings and wheel removed from view for clarity.

For C Models only					
Furnace Cabinet Size	Dimension "A" (inches)				
В	2.705				
С	1.790				
D	1.790				

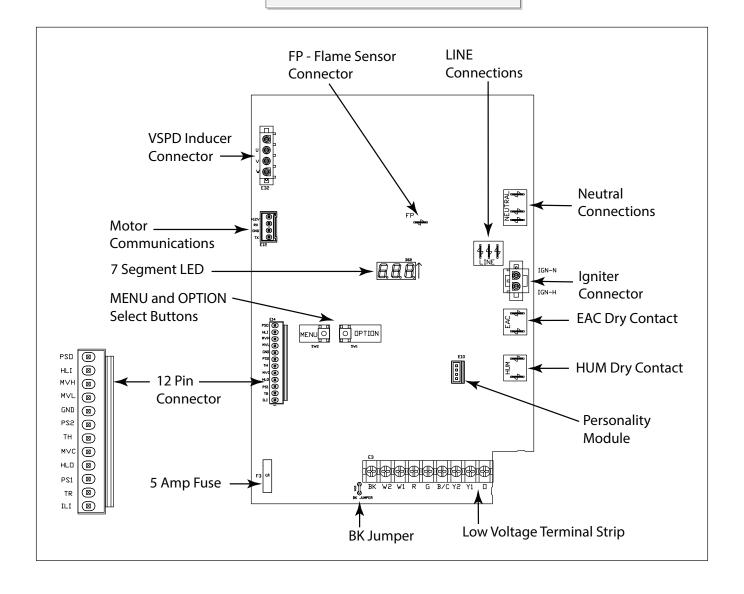
For D Models only					
Furnace Cabinet Size	Dimension "A" (inches)				
В	2.75				
С	3.54				
D	3.79				

Troubleshooting

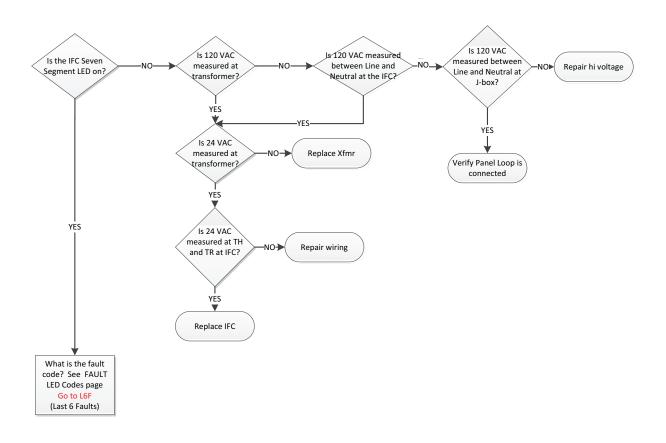
The following pages include troubleshooting flowcharts in reference for the 2 Stage S9V2* family of furnaces only. The information contained is for reference only and does not cover all scenarios or problems that may be encountered. ONLY qualified technicians should attempt to install, troubleshoot, or repair this appliance. Failure to follow all cautions and /or warnings could result in personal or property damage, including death.

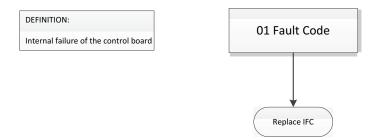
Error Codes	
Alarm Error Code	Alarm Explanation
EOI	Loss of the IRQ or other internal failures (Internal IFC error)
E2_1	Retry Exceeded (Failed to Establish Flame)
E2_2	Recycles exceeded (Loss of Established Flame) or 10X PS1 Open
62_3	1st Stage Gas Valve Not Energized When It Should Be exceeded after 10 times
E2_4	Redundant Relay (HLO output) Not Energized when it should be exceeded after 10 times
E3_I	Shorted Pressure Switch, 1st Stage
E3_2	Open Pressure Switch, 1st Stage
E3_3	Shorted Pressure Switch, 2nd Stage
E3_4	Open Pressure Switch, 2nd Stage
E04	Open Limit (Main Thermal, Rollout Switch, or Reverse Airflow Switch)
E05	Flame detected, should not be present
E06	Voltage reversed polarity or Bad Grounding
55.3	(1) Igniter relay fails
E6_3	(2) Igniter open
E7_I	1st stage gas valve (MVL) is energized when it should be off
E7_2	Redundant Relay (HLO output) Energized when it should Not be
E08	Flame current is low, but still strong enough to allow operation
E09	Open Inducer Limit Switch or Condensate Pressure Switch
E 10	Communication error between variable speed inducer and blower motor microprocessor
EII	(1) 2nd stage gas valve energized when it should NOT be
	(2) 2nd stage gas valve not energized when it should be
	(3) 1st stage gas valve not energized when it should be
	(4) Redundant relay (HLO output) not energized when it should be
EI 2	Open fuse
EI 3	Blower HP/OEM ID
EI 4	No PM and local copy bad
EI 5	Both of unit Data File in PM and local Unit Data File are corrupt
EI7	Blower motor no communication response
EI B	Blower communication failure on the control

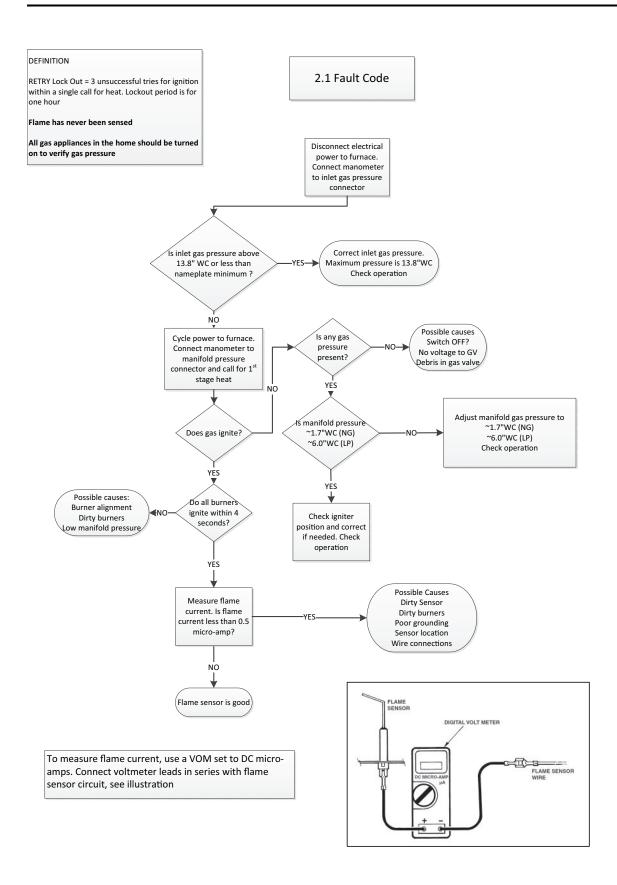
IFC Component Layout

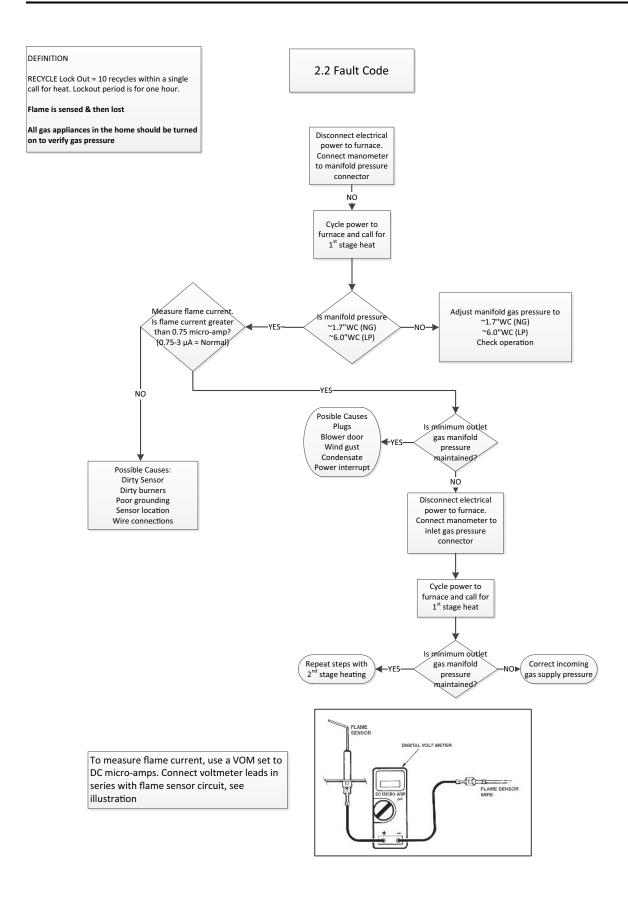


GETTING STARTED



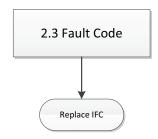






 1^{st} Stage Gas Valve not energized when it should be 10 times within the same call for heat .

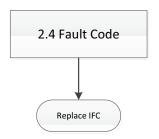
24VAC not sensed on MVL 10 times



DEFINITION

High limit output relay is not closed when it should be

24VAC not sensed on HLO 10 times



DEFINITION

An error has occurred with the PS1, indicating that the pressure switch is closed when it should be open.

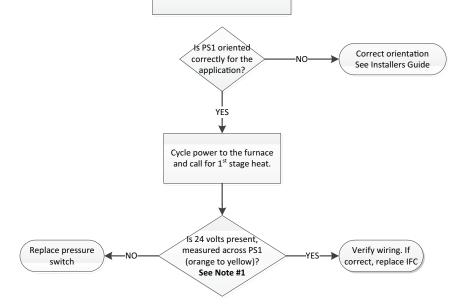
In most cases, the pressure switch is not the problem.

NOTE: Verify pressure switch wiring and tube routing are correct.

Note #1

24 volts = Open Switch 0 volts = Closed Switch

3.1 Fault Code



24 volts = Open Switch DEFINITION 0 volts = Closed Switch An error has occurred with the PS1 indicating that the pressure switch is open when it should be closed. Note #2 In most cases, the pressure switch is not the problem. 3.2 Fault Code Measured pressure is NOTE: Verify pressure switch wiring and tube routing are correct. negative, greater than refers to magnitude only. PS1 Open errors can occasionally occur when wind gusts occur. The IFC will attempt to close both PS1 by increasing the voltage to the inducer motor Is PS1 oriented Correct orientation correctly for the See Installers Guide application? Cycle power to the furnace and call for 1st stage heat. NO Is voltage measured from RD- WH Is the inducer Replace inducer BK-RD motor running? assembly BK-WH at the inducer motor YES Does the igniter ΝO PS1 is closed glow within 60 seconds? Verify no voltage at IFC Replace IFC NO 1s 24 volts present, measured across PS1 Pressure switch (orange to yellow)? is okav See Note #1 YES ls pressure greater Replace pressure switch. than pressure switch label? Check operation. See Note #2 NO

Note #1

38 S9V2-VS-SF-2B-EN

Possible Causes:
PS hose, flue piping for obstruction and/or confirm vent size is correct.

An error has occurred with the PS2, indicating that the pressure switch is closed when it should be open.

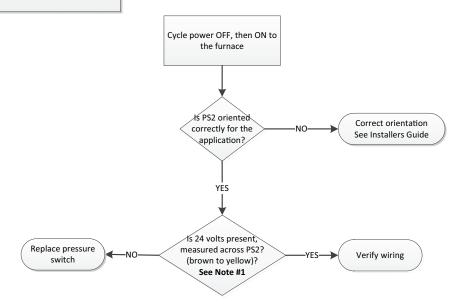
In most cases, the pressure switch is not the problem.

NOTE: Verify pressure switch wiring and tube routing are correct.

3.3 Fault Code

Note #1

24 volts = Open Switch 0 volts = Closed Switch



An error has occurred with the PS2 indicating that the pressure switch is open when it should be closed.

In most cases, the pressure switch is not the problem.

NOTE: Verify pressure switch wiring and tube routing are correct.

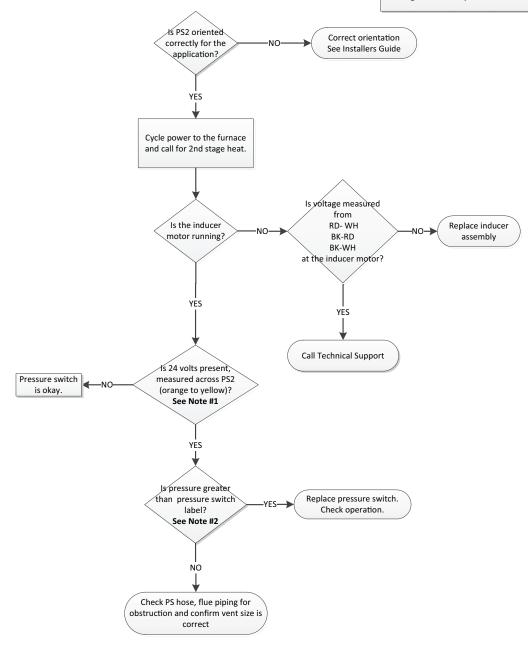
3.4 Fault Code

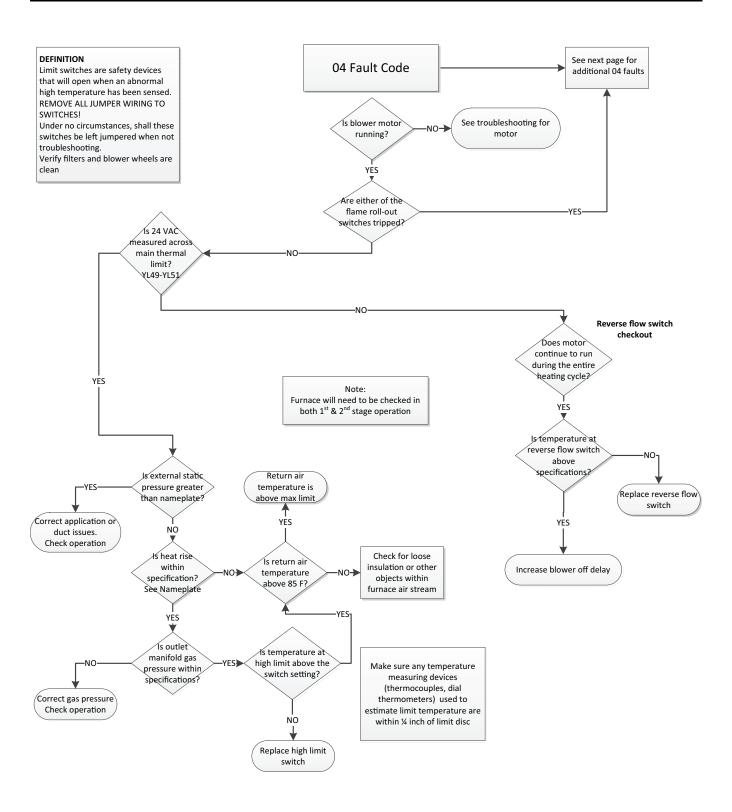
Note #1

24 volts = Open Switch 0 volts = Closed Switch

Note #2

Measured pressure is negative, greater than refers to magnitude only.

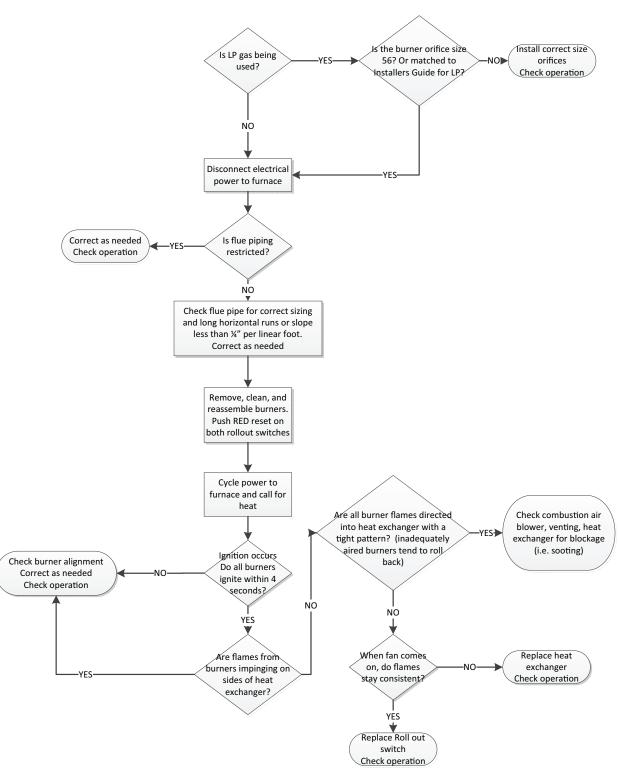




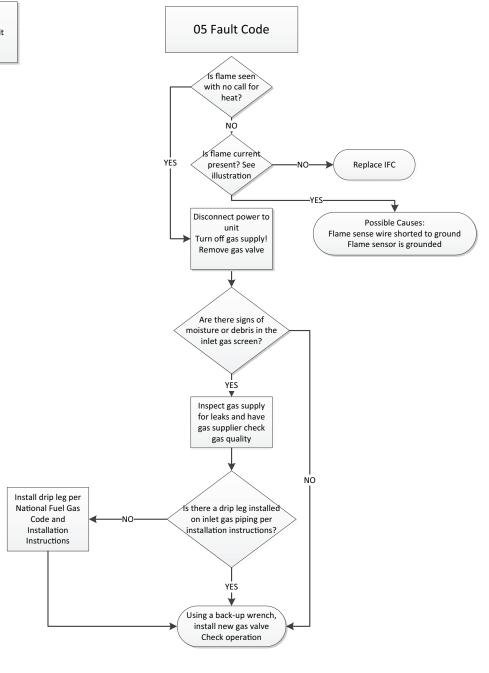
Limit switches are safety devices that will open when an abnormal high temperature has been sensed.

REMOVE ALL JUMPER WIRING TO SWITCHES! Under no circumstances, shall these switches be left jumpered when not troubleshooting.

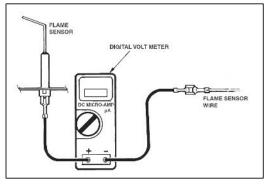
04 Fault Code Flame Rollout

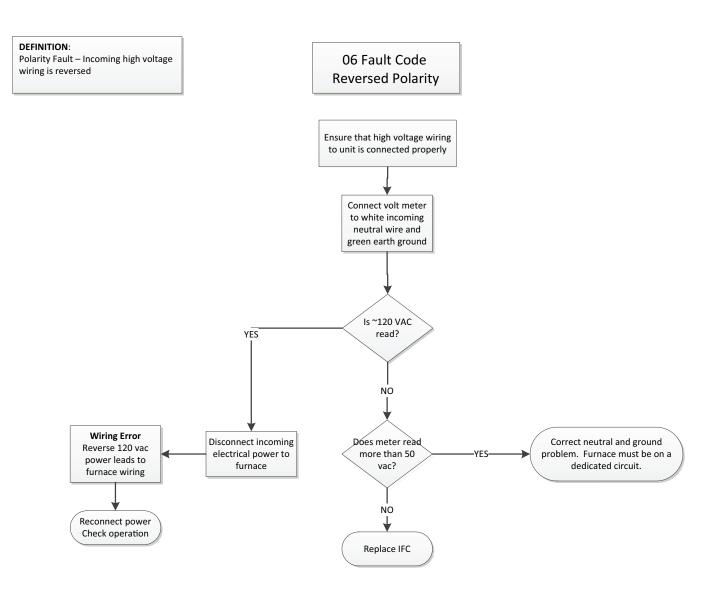


Flame is sensed when it should not be.



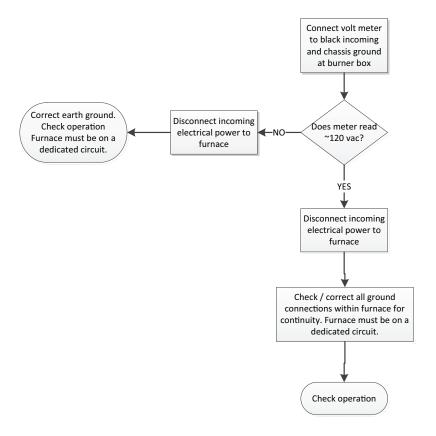
To measure flame current, use a VOM set to DC micro-amps. Connect voltmeter leads in series with flame sensor circuit, see illustration

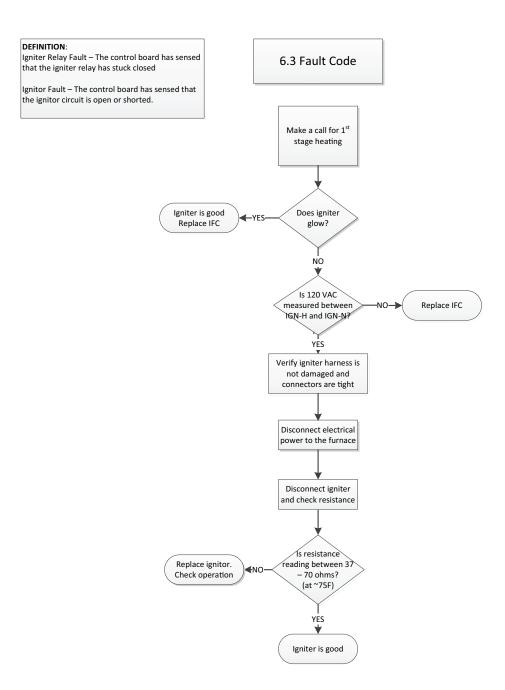




Ground Fault - Incoming or chassis ground connection is not sensed

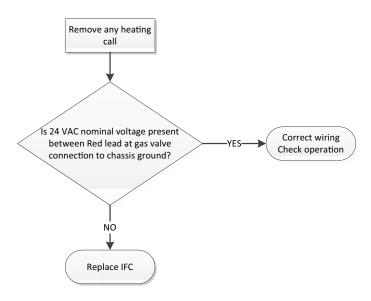
06 Fault Code Faulty Ground





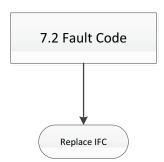
DEFINITION: External Gas Valve Circuit Error (24 volts is present when it should not be present)

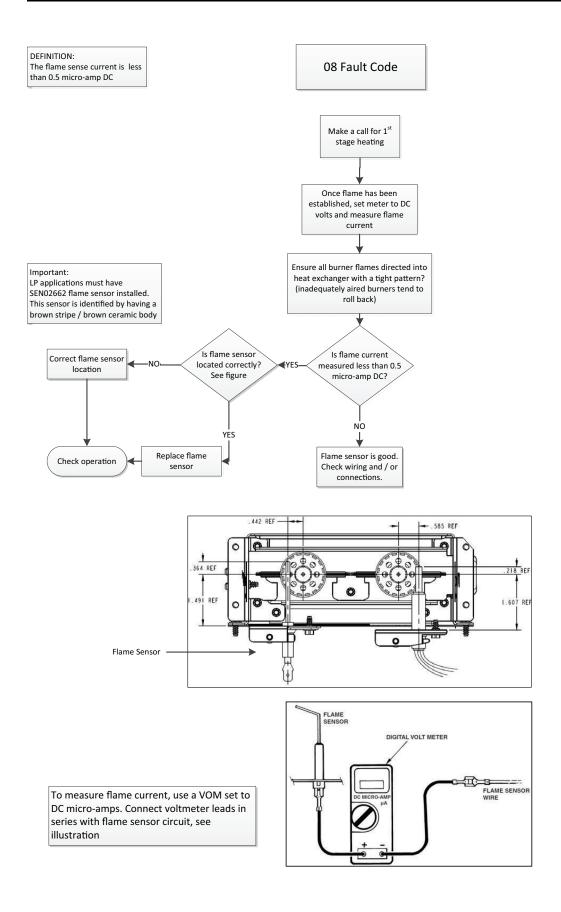
7.1 Fault Code

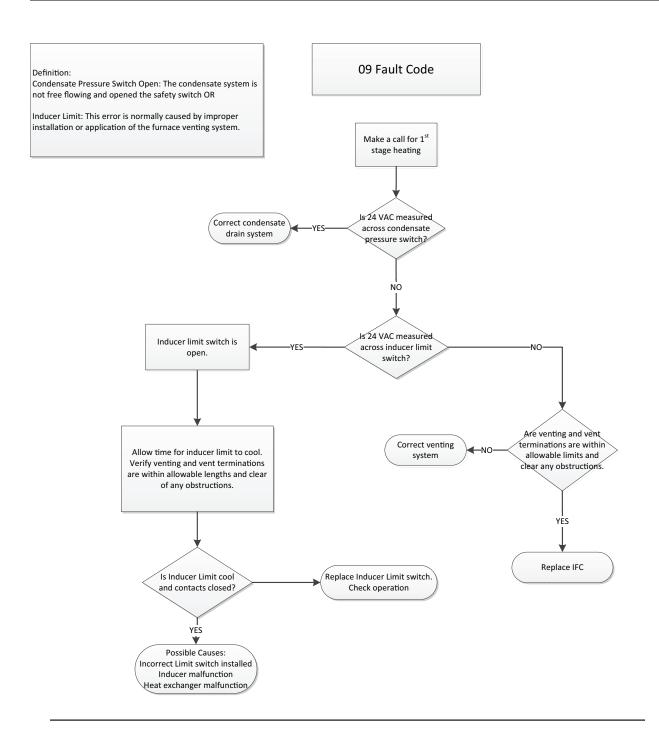


DEFINITION:

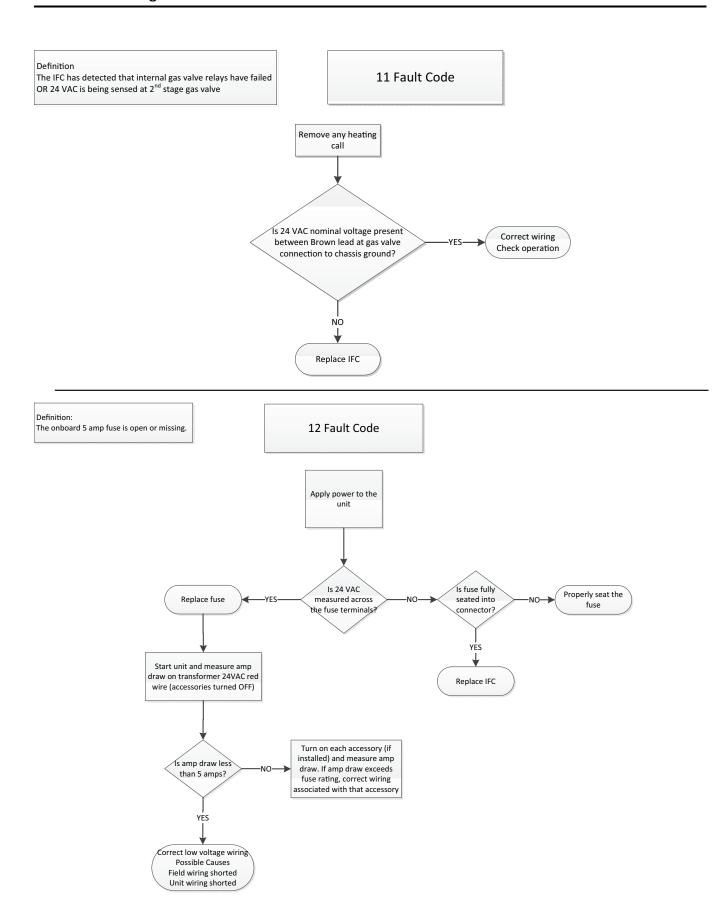
Internal control board error Redundant HLO relay closed when it should not be

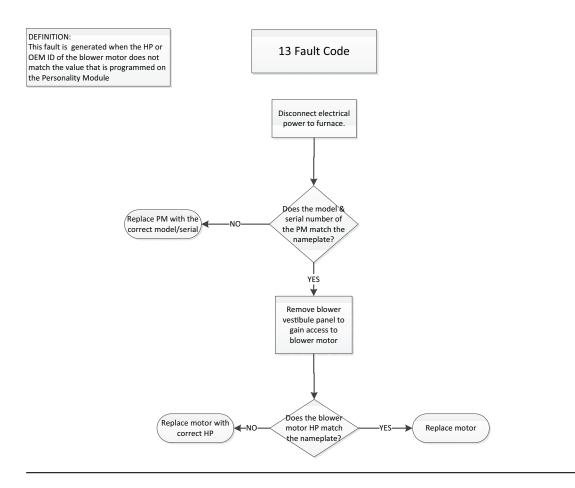


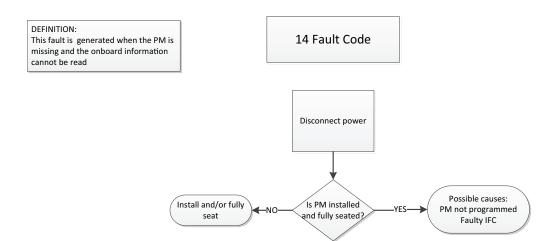






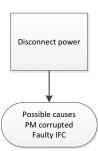






This fault is generated when the PM and the IFC information is corrupted

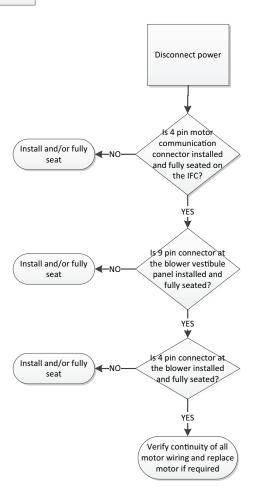
15 Fault Code



DEFINITION:

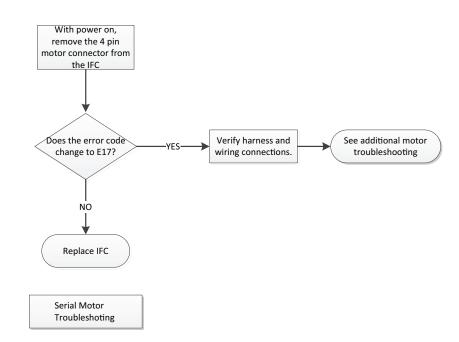
This fault is generated when IFC does not see a return signal from the blower motor

17 Fault Code

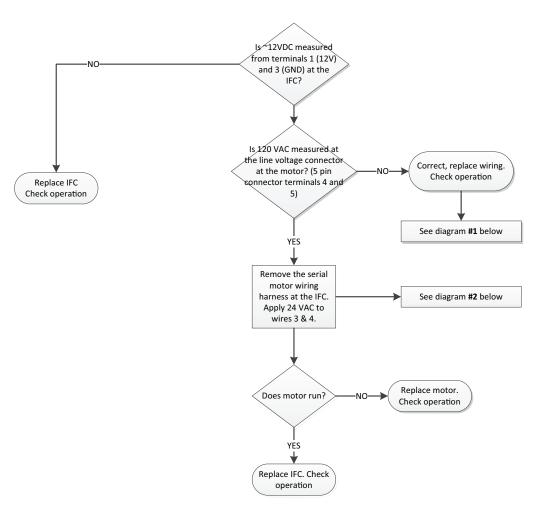


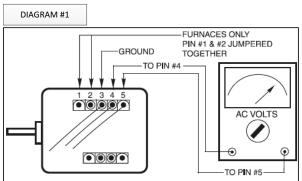
This fault is generated when the IFC does not see a send message itelf.

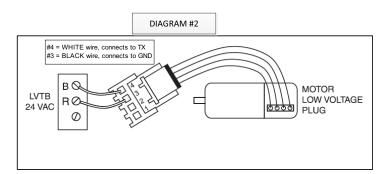
18 Fault Code



Serial Motor Troubleshooting







Part List

Igniter	Inducer Assembly	 Pressure Switch(es)
Flame Sensor	Blower Motor	Main Thermal Limit
In-shot Burner(s)	Blower Wheel	 Roll-Out Switch(es)
Gas Valve	IFC (Integrated Furnace Control)	Reverse Δir Switch(es)

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